

**Quiz 2**  
28 May 2024

Answer the questions in the spaces provided. **Show all of your work and circle the answer you would like to have graded for each question.**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Identify the traces parallel to the  $yz$ -plane for the quadric surface  $z = x^2 - y^2$ .

**Solution:** The planes parallel to the  $yz$ -plane are of the form  $x = c$  for some real number  $c$ . Hence these traces are  $z = c^2 - y^2$ , so things like  $z = 1 - y^2$  or  $z = 9 - y^2$ . These are parabolas.

2. Find an equation of the plane that passes through the point  $(1, 2, 3)$  and is perpendicular to the line of intersection of the planes  $x + y - z + 3 = 0$  and  $3x - y + 2z = 0$ .

**Solution:** The planes have normal vectors  $\langle 1, 1, -1 \rangle$  and  $\langle 3, -1, 2 \rangle$  respectively. The line of intersection of these two planes must be orthogonal to both of these normal vectors, hence it must be parallel to their cross product, which is

$$\langle 1, 1, -1 \rangle \times \langle 3, -1, 2 \rangle = \langle 1, -5, -4 \rangle.$$

The general equation of a plane is  $a(x - x_0) + b(y - y_0) + c(z - z_0) = 0$ , where  $\langle a, b, c \rangle$  is normal to the plane and  $(x_0, y_0, z_0)$  is a point on the plane. Hence the desired plane can be represented by the equation

$$(x - 1) - 5(y - 2) - 4(z - 3) = 0,$$

or equivalently,  $x - 5y - 4z = -21$ .