#1 Domain: 
$$ln(15-x^2-15y^2)$$
 is only defined when  $15-x^2-15y^2 > 0$ .

Therefore, the domain is 
$$\{(x,y): 15-x^2-15y^2 > 0\}$$

Range: The maximum 
$$\ln(15-x^2-15y^2)$$
 can be is  $\ln(15)$  [when  $x=y=0$ ].

The minimum is limitless! So our range is  $(-\infty, \ln(15))$ ]

#2

Consider the path along 
$$x=0$$

Since the limit along different paths is  $(x,y) \Rightarrow (0,0)$   $18y + 5y = -\frac{1}{2}$ 

Consider the path along  $y=0$ 
 $\lim_{(x,y) \Rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x-9y}{18y+5x} = \frac{1}{5}$ 

NE

Not the same, the