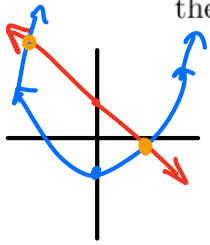


Solution

Name and section: _____

- 1). (7 points) Calculate the integral of the function $f(x, y) = x + y$ inside the region bounded by the parabola $y = x^2 - 3$ and the line $y = -(1/2)x + 2$.



POI's: $x^2 - 3 = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 - 6 = -x + 4$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 + x - 10 = 0$
 $(2x + 5)(x - 2) = 0$

$x = -5/2, 2$

set up \uparrow

$$\int_{-5/2}^2 \int_{x^2-3}^{-\frac{1}{2}x+2} (x+y) dy dx = \int_{-5/2}^2 \left. xy + \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_{x^2-3}^{-\frac{1}{2}x+2} dx$$

$$= \int_{-5/2}^2 \left[x(-\frac{1}{2}x+2) + \frac{(-\frac{1}{2}x+2)^2}{2} - \left(x(x^2-3) + \frac{(x^2-3)^2}{2} \right) \right] dx$$

$$= \int_{-5/2}^2 \left[-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4}x^2 - 2x + 4 \right) - x^3 + 3x - \frac{x^4 + 6x^2 - 9}{2} \right] dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}x^3 + x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{12}x^3 - x^2 + 4x \right) - \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{x^5}{5} + 2x^3 - 9x \right) \Big|_{-5/2}^2$$

- 2). (3 points) Convert the following from spherical (ρ, θ, ϕ) to rectangular (x, y, z) coordinates:

$(5, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2})$

$x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$

$y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$

$z = \rho \cos \phi$

$x = 5 \sin(\pi/2) \cos(\pi/4)$

$y = 5 \sin(\pi/2) \sin(\pi/4)$

$z = 5 \cos(\pi/2)$

$x = 5(1)(\sqrt{2}/2)$

$y = 5(1)(\sqrt{2}/2)$

$z = 5(0)$

$\Rightarrow (5\sqrt{2}/2, 5\sqrt{2}/2, 0)$