

Homework #6 – Continuity of a function, properties of continuous functions

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**Exercise 1.** Determine where the given functions are continuous. Explain clearly. (First, find the domain of the given functions.)

1.  $f(x) = |x - 1|$

2.  $f(x) = \frac{|x|}{x}$

3.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 1 & \text{if } x > 0 \end{cases}$$

4.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

5.  $f(x) = \lfloor x \rfloor$

6.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$

**Exercise 2.** Prove that if the functions  $f, g: D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are continuous at  $a$ , then the given functions are also continuous at  $a$ .

1.  $|f|$

2.  $\min(f, g)$

3.  $\max(f, g)$

**Exercise 3.** Prove or find a counterexample to the following statements.

1.  $f$  bounded on  $[a, b]$  implies that  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ .

2.  $f$  continuous on  $(a, b)$  implies that  $f$  is bounded on  $(a, b)$ .

3.  $f^2$  continuous on  $[a, b]$  implies that  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ .

4.  $f + g$  and  $f$  continuous on  $(a, b)$  implies that  $g$  is continuous on  $(a, b)$ .

5.  $fg$  and  $f$  continuous on  $(a, b)$  implies that  $g$  is continuous on  $(a, b)$ .

6.  $|f|$  continuous on  $[a, b]$  implies that  $f$  is continuous on  $[a, b]$ .

7.  $f$  is continuous at  $c$  if and only if for any sequence  $\{x_n\}$  converging to  $c$ , the sequence  $\{f(x_n)\}$  converges to  $f(c)$ .

**Exercise 4.** Give examples of the following requested functions, if possible.

1. function  $f$  defined on  $\mathbb{R}$  but not continuous at any point of  $\mathbb{R}$ .

2. function  $f$  defined on  $\mathbb{R}$  and continuous at exactly one point of  $\mathbb{R}$ .

**Exercise 5.** Give an example of a function  $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that is not continuous but whose range is

1. an open and bounded interval.
2. an open and unbounded interval.
3. a closed and unbounded interval.