- 1. Let $\vec{u} = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle$ and $\vec{w} = \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle$.
- (a) Find the vector of magnitude 2 in the opposite direction of $\vec{u} 3\vec{w}$.
- (b) Find vectors $\vec{F_1}$ and $\vec{F_2}$ such that $\vec{u} = \vec{F_1} + \vec{F_2}$, $\vec{F_1}$ is parallel to \vec{w} , and $\vec{F_2} \cdot \vec{w} = 0$.

[Note: Your answer for \vec{F}_2 does not need to be simplified.]

(A)
$$\vec{n} - 3\vec{w} = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle - 3 \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle - \langle 6, -6, 3 \rangle$$

$$= \langle -5, 3, -1 \rangle$$

$$|\langle -5, 3, -1 \rangle| = \sqrt{(-5)^{2} + (3)^{2} + (-1)^{2}} = \sqrt{25 + 9 + 1} = \sqrt{35}$$

$$-\frac{2(\vec{n} - 3\vec{w})}{|(\vec{n} - 3\vec{w})|} = -\frac{-2\langle -5, 3, -1 \rangle}{\sqrt{35}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{35}} \langle 10, -6, 2 \rangle$$

$$= \langle \frac{10}{\sqrt{35}}, \frac{-6}{\sqrt{35}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{35}} \rangle$$

(b)
$$\vec{u} = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle = \vec{F}_{1} + \vec{F}_{2}$$

 \vec{F}_{1} parallel to $\vec{w} \Rightarrow use proj_{\vec{w}} \vec{u} = \left(\frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{w}}{|\vec{w}|}\right) \left(\frac{\vec{w}}{|\vec{w}|}\right)$
 $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{w} = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle \cdot \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle = 1(2) + (-3)(-2) + 2(1) = 10$
 $|\vec{w}| = \sqrt{(2)^{2} + (-2)^{2} + (1)^{2}} = \sqrt{9} = 3$
 $F_{1} = proj_{\vec{w}} \vec{u} = \left(\frac{19}{3}\right) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle = \frac{19}{9} \langle 2, -2, 1 \rangle \Rightarrow$
 $F_{2} = \vec{u} - \vec{F}_{1} = \langle 1, -3, 2 \rangle - \langle \frac{29}{9}, \frac{-29}{9}, \frac{19}{9} \rangle = \langle \frac{19}{9}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{9}{9} \rangle$