

# Monitoring, Evaluation and Technical Support Services (METSS II) Project Project Monitoring and Management Plan (PMMP)

Award Number: 641-14-000002





# Monitoring, Evaluation and Technical Support Services (METSS II) Project

Activity Start Date and End Date: February 27, 2014 - September 30, 2018

Award Number: 641-14-000002 Version: Draft December 31, 2016

Submission Date: TBD.

Submitted To:

Brian Conklin, Office of Economic Growth, USAID|Ghana EG Office

Submitted by:

Saaka Adams, Director of Operations, METSS II

METSS II Project PO Box 0S188 Osu, Accra No. 10 Wuogon Close, East Cantonments, Accra, Ghana

Implemented through:







#### **DISCLAIMER**

The authors' views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development or the United States Government

#### **Table of Content**

List o	of Abbreviations	V
1.0.	Introduction and Project Background	1
2.0.	Project Development Hypothesis and Results Framework	3
2.1	Development Hypothesis	3
2.2	. Results Framework	5
2.3	Indicators	5
2.4	Key Assumptions	15
3.0.	Performance Monitoring Plan	16
3.1	Monitoring and Evaluation Guiding Principles	16
3.2	l. Plan for Performance Monitoring	16
3	3.2.1. Data Collection Methodologies	16
3	3.2.2. Data Flow	17
3	3.2.3. Database	17
3	3.2.4. Management of the METSS II PMMP Process	18
3.3	S. Communication and Reporting	18
3	3.3.1. Plan for Performance Management	18
3	3.3.2. Reporting Requirements	18
3	3.3.3. Reporting Format and Processes	19
3.4	Data Quality Control and Assessment	20
3	3.4.1. Internal Controls	20
3	3.4.2. External Data Quality Assessment	20
3.5	5. PMMP Tasks and Responsibilities	21
3.6	5. Project Final Assessment	24
4.0.	Performance Indicator Reference Sheets	25
5.0.	METSS II Performance Indicators Tracking Table—FY2014-FY2018	41
6.0.	Draft Reporting Template (Semiannual Report)	43
7.0.	Annex I. Data-Collection Tools	48
8.0.	Annex II. METSS II DQA Checklist by Indicator	67

#### **Table of Tables**

Table 1. Draft Results Framework for METSS II—Proposed in 2016	5
Table 2. METSS II Project Development Goals, Intermediate Results, Sub-Intermediate Results, and Indicators	7
Table 3. METSS II PMMP Operational Plan for FY2017	22
Table of Figures	
Figure 1. METSS II Development Hypothesis	4

#### **List of Abbreviations**

ADS Automated Directive System

AOP Annual Operational Plan

AOR Agreement Officer Representative

APS Agricultural Production Survey

AT+ AID Tracker Plus

CDCS Country Development Cooperation Strategy

COR Contracting Officer Representative

DIP Detailed Implementation Plan

DO Development Objective

DO2 Development Objective 2

DP Development Partner

DQA Data Quality Assessment

EG Economic Growth

FAS/OCBD Foreign Agriculture Service/Office of Capacity Building and Development

FTF Feed the Future

FTFMS Feed the Future Monitoring System

FY Fiscal year

GIS Geographical Information System

GoG Government of Ghana
IP Implementing Partner
IR Intermediate Result

KMRS Knowledge Management Reporting Specialist

KSU Kansas State University

LOA Life of Activity
LOP Life of Project

MDA Ministries, Departments, and Agencies

M&E Monitoring and Evaluation

M&ERS Monitoring and Evaluation Reporting Specialist

METSS Monitoring, Evaluation, and Technical Support Services

MIS Management Information System

PASA Participating Agency Service Agreement

PBS Population-Based Survey

PIRS Performance Indicator Reference Sheet
PITT Performance Indicator Tracking Table

PMMP Performance Monitoring and Management Plan

PMP Performance Management Plan
PPR Performance Plan and Report

Q Quarter

RF Results Framework

SOP Standard Operating Protocol

SOW Scope of Work

Sub-IR Sub-Intermediate Result UCC University of Cape Coast

USAID United States Agency for International Development

USAID|Ghana United States Agency for International Development's Ghana Mission

USDA United States Department of Agriculture

USDA/FAS United States Department of Agriculture/Foreign Agricultural Service

USG United States Government

ZOI Zone of Influence

#### 1.0. Introduction and Project Background

Ghana is a focus country of the United States Government (USG)'s Feed the Future (FTF) Initiative. In order to ensure accountability and measure progress, FTF has instituted rigorous monitoring and evaluation (M&E) requirements. To meet these requirements and support the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) Ghana Mission's efforts toward evidence-based planning and performance management, the USAID|Ghana Economic Growth (EG) Office and United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Foreign Agriculture Service's Office of Capacity Building and Development (FAS/OCBD) entered into a five-year Participating Agency Service Agreement (PASA) to initiate Monitoring Evaluation and Technical Support Services (METSS), which ended in 2014. After that, a second 4.5-year (2014-2018) phase of the PASA (METSS II) was started. USDA has oversight of METSS II and has contracted Kansas State University (KSU) to provide management and research support. The University of Cape Coast (UCC) is also a partner within the PASA agreement.

The USAID METSS II project activities are designed around four programmatic components:

- M&E:
- Research and special studies;
- Capacity building and support services; and
- Knowledge management.

These activities are designed to achieve two intermediate results (IRs):

- IR 1: Performance management of USAID|Ghana EG Office-funded projects increased to meet USAID M&E requirements; and
- IR 2: Increased knowledge, data, and information for use in policy, strategic planning, project design, and implementation.

The USAID METSS II project activities under IR 1 are expected to achieve three outcomes that are critical to effective management of the USAID|Ghana EG portfolio:

- Improved M&E plans;
- Improved confidence in and quality of the implementing partners (IPs') performance data; and
- Better surveys, analytical studies, and project assessments to inform project evaluations and new project designs.

The USAID METSS II project activities under IR 2 are expected to help support and sustain USAID|Ghana's EG activities to increase access to data, information and knowledge for use in policy, strategic planning, project design and implementation by:

- Strengthening the technical capacity of Government of Ghana (GoG) agencies for effective policy contributions to the achievement of the USAID|Ghana Country Development Cooperation Strategy (CDCS), Development Objective 2 (DO2), and its IRs; and
- Increasing access to and use of evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation.

The USAID METSS II project Performance Monitoring and Management Plan (PMMP) is a tool for monitoring the project's progress toward the achievement of its principal results and annual targets for activities that are set by the USAID|Ghana EG Office.

The PMMP is organized into six sections:

- Section One includes an introduction and project background
- Section Two provides an overview of:
  - The USAID METSS II project's development hypothesis;
  - The results framework, which provides a graphical representation of the relationship between USAID|Ghana's DO and the USAID METSS II project's objectives, IRs, sub-IRs, and expected results; and
  - The indicators that the project is proposing to collect in order to measure its performance over time:
- Section Three describes:
  - The guiding principles/approach, management and methodology for data collection, data entry, storage, communication and reporting of the performance monitoring system, and data quality control and assessments; and;
  - How this information will be used:
- **Section Four** presents the Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (PIRS) that will describe how the data for each indicator will be collected;
- Section Five describes the draft indicator tracking table which can be used as a tool for showing the cumulative results of the project for its major output and outcome indicators; and
- Section Six describes the proposed process that the USAID METSS II project is planning to use to report on the PMMP data in its programmatic reporting to USAID|Ghana EG Office. These reports and the consultative process that feeds into them is critical to helping the USAID|Ghana EG Office and the United States Department of Agriculture/Foreign Agriculture Service (USDA/FAS) Office to:
  - Make informed decisions about the overall management and performance of the project;
  - Identify areas to expand or contract certain groups of activities or components; and
  - Provide a rationale for any changes to the project's implementation or design.

#### 2.0. Project Development Hypothesis and Results Framework

#### 2.1. <u>Development Hypothesis</u>

The METSS II project was designed to strengthen the USAID|Ghana EG Office's ability to support "improved evidence-based project planning, implementation, and reporting." <sup>1</sup>

The underlying development hypothesis for METSS II is that (Figure 1):

- IF the USAID|Ghana EG partners have improved M&E plans (Sub-IR 1.1); and
- IF the USAID|Ghana EG Office has greater confidence in the M&E data being generated by its partners (Sub-IR 1.2); and
- IF the USAID|Ghana EG Office increases its capacity to conduct policy relevant surveys, analytical studies, and project assessments in the zone of influence (ZOI) (Sub-IR 1.3); and
- IF there is more easy-to-access evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation (Sub-IR 2.1); and
- IF the GoG ministries, departments, and agencies (MDAs) increase their capacity to use this data, information, and knowledge (Sub-IR 2.2);

#### THEN, ....

Improved evidence-based project planning, implementation, and reporting will
occur in the USAID|Ghana EG ZOIs of Northern Ghana and the Western and
Central regions of Ghana (METSS II DO), as well as all of the USAID-funded
FTF projects and the various presidential initiatives that support it (like Trade
Africa and Power Africa initiatives); which contribute to......

Sustainable and broadly shared economic growth in Ghana (USAID|Ghana CDCS DO2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Improved "evidence-based project/program planning, implementation, and reporting" was a cross-cutting guiding theme in all six of USAID|Ghana's guiding principles for its performance management plan (PMP) process (USAID. [2014]. PMP. Accra: USAID, p. 6).

#### Figure 1. METSS II Development Hypothesis

#### **METSS Development Hypothesis**

#### IF M&E Plans Improved (Sub-IR 1.1)

- Better results-based programming
- Better coordination with stake holders

## IF USAID Has More Confidence in the Data Being Uploaded (Sub-IR 1.2)

- Better coordination of EG projects
- Better design of new RFAs / RFPs
- Better coordination with GoG and USAID/W

# IF USAID|Ghana EG Supports Better Studies in the Zone of Influnce (Sub-IR 1.3)

- Better able to assess impact of EG investments
- Better able to link activites to results
- Better able to inform policy strategies and planning

### IF Availability and Access of Data, Information, and Knowledge increased (Sub-IR 2.1)

- Better policies that affect GoG DOs and IRs
- Increases their sustainability of EG investments

# IF GoG Capacity to Use Data, Information, and Knowledge Increases (Sub-IR 2.2)

- Better donor coodination
- Better program designs
- Better policy

#### Then:

Improved Evidence-Based Project Planning and Policies Implementation and Reporting (METSS DO2)



#### Then:

Sustainable Shared Economic Growth (USAID|Ghana CDGS DO2)

#### 2.2. Results Framework

The METSS II results framework provides a graphical representation between the FTF Goal, USAID|Ghana's DO2, METSS II DO, and the project's IRs and sub-IRs (Table 1).

Table 1. Draft Results Framework for METSS II—Proposed in 2016

FTF Goal: Poverty and h	FTF Goal: Poverty and hunger in focus countries sustainably reduced.								
USAID Ghana DO2: Sust									
METSS II DO: Improved	METSS II DO: Improved evidence-based policies and project planning, implementation,								
and reporting.									
IR 1: Performance manag		IR 2: Increased know	•						
USAID Ghana EG-funded		information for use in	, ,						
meet USAID M&E require	ements.	planning, project des	ign, and						
	1	implementation.							
Sub-IR 1.1:	Sub-IR 1.2:	Sub-IR 2.1:	Sub-IR 2.2:						
Improved M&E plans	Improved confidence	Increased	Strengthened						
developed by	in and quality of the	availability and	capacity of GoG						
USAID Ghana EG	USAID Ghana EG	access to evidence-	MDAs to use						
partners meet USAID	partners'	based data,	evidence-based						
M&E requirements.	performance data	information, and	data, information,						
Out ID 4 O	and information.	knowledge to	and knowledge for						
Sub-IR 1.3:	AIDIChara'a EC Office	support better	more effective						
Increased capacity of US		policy and project	policy and						
to conduct <sup>2</sup> surveys, analy	yticai studies, and	design and programmatic							
project evaluations.		implementation.	contributions to the achievement of						
			USAID Ghana DO2						
			and GoG goals.						

Source: METSS II project, August 2015. Amended November 30, 2016.

#### 2.3. Indicators

METSS indicators do not contribute directly to the USAID|Ghana EG Office Performance Plan and Report (PPR). The performance indicators specify the data that the USAID METSS II projects M&E system will collect to measure its progress and compare results over time against its targets in the USAID METSS II Project performance indicator tracking table (PITT).

The indicator list identifies two categories of indicators for each of the project's major Sub-IRs (Table 2):

- The outcome indicators (shaded), which measure expected outcomes of the activities; and
- The output indicators (unshaded), which measure the principal outputs that METSS II is supporting to achieve the expected outcome.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The term *conduct* implies the full process—i.e. procurement, undertaking the surveys, managing the process, reviewing the reports, and publishing the findings.

Since the METSS II project is a PASA, it has flexible activity targets that are conegotiated with the USAID|Ghana EG Office during the joint project-work planning meeting each year. Since these targets may change over the course of each year, any target setting is indicative.

Table 2. METSS II Project Development Goals, Intermediate Results, Sub-Intermediate Results, and Indicators

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	s, and Performance Definition		Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent						
IR 1: Performance management of USAID Ghana EG-funded projects increased to meet USAID M&E requirements.										
Sub-IR 1.1: Improved M&E plans developed by USAID/Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.										
Outcome Indicator 1.1: Number of USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	This measures the number of USAID Ghana IPs and GoG partners that have aligned their M&E framework—including results framework, reporting protocols, data management, and reporting platforms—to the EG Office M&E framework. IPs or GoG partners should be counted under this indicator when they have developed and/or revised their original M&E frameworks and expanded those frameworks into M&E plans.	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners	Tool 1 provides objective rankings of the four key variables for the M&E Reporting Specialist (M&ERS) to use to track this indicator.  Agent: M&ERS						
1.1.1. Number of new USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	This measures the number of new USAID Ghana EG IPs, including GoG partners, that have received assistance from METSS II to develop their M&E plans, and whose M&E plans were approved by USAID Ghana during the current reporting period. <sup>3</sup>	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners	Tool 1 collects qualitative data on the METSS II support provided until an M&E plan is approved, and the level of approval of the plans.  Agent: M&ERS						
1.1.2. Number of existing USAID Ghana EG partners assisted in	This measures the number of existing USAID Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans at the	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners by type of assistance	Tool 1 collects IP and GoG partners' specific data on the types and level of assistance provided to them.						

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> New partners are those IP projects that are/were procured during the reporting/current fiscal year. A project will be considered new if it has closed one phase of the project and started a new phase (usually a follow-on) in the same reporting year. A project will not be counted as a new project if it has only received a modification.

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent
revising their M&E plans.	request of the USAID Ghana EG Office or IP staff. This is usually due to a shift in guidance, a modification to their activities, or changes in the project-enabling environment due to external factors.			Agent: M&ERS
	onfidence in and quality of the US			
Outcome Indicator 1.2: Percentage of USAID Ghana EG Office standard indicators for which all IPs have had a data quality assessment (DQA).	This measures the percentage of USAID Ghana active EG Office standard indicators with completed DQAs, evident by a field report and completed mandatory DQA worksheet for each indicator covered. <sup>4</sup>	Semiannual	By indicator for each IP reporting on a USAID Ghana EG Office indicator (if demanded or needed)	Tool 2 collects IPs' specific data on the current status of all DQAs from the METSS II management information system (MIS) and provides a mechanism for the existing rate of completion for the mandated 3-year period for which a DQA is required.  Agent: M&ERS
1.2.1. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners' staff trained in M&E techniques.	This measures the count of individuals who have received training in a variety of M&E topics such as M&E framework/M&E plan design, developing performance indicators, PIRS, indicator data collection, data entry into FTF Monitoring System (FTFMS), AIDTracker Plus (AT+),	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners by number of people trained by gender	Tool 2 collects data on different types of training, date of training, status of the person trained (consultant, technical, M&E, administrator), and gender  Agent: M&ERS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> DQAs should be conducted for each standard indicator at least 6 months after the indicator has become ACTIVE (i.e. the IP has signed an agreement and has started project implementation), and/or before the first annual report is made on the indicator in question. Each ACTIVE indicator should have a DQA done, with a DQA worksheet, at least once every 3 years in compliance with Automated Directive System (ADS) 203.35.1 and other derivative directives from the ADS. The number reported in the table is the percentage of indicators for the current fiscal year.

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent
	indicator data verification, and DQA, among others. An individual will be counted if she/he has received training in any two topics, including M&E framework/M&E plan design.			
1.2.2. Number (and percentage) of USAID Ghana EG partners using documented M&E techniques, tools, protocols, and guidelines.	This measures the number of USAID Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have either designed, adapted, or documented the following as a result of METSS II assistance in six areas:  1. M&E plan (framework); 2. PIRS that followed the recommended formats as outlined in the M&E plan; 3. Data-collection instruments for indicators; 4. Data-verification procedures and standard operating protocols (SOPs); 5. Reporting formats and established reporting timelines; and 6. Data-quality strategy/guidelines  IPs and GoG partners meeting the first three items on the above list of attributes shall be counted as meeting the requirements of the indicator.	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners by level of use of standard techniques	Tool 2 includes objective rankings of the six variables used to measure this indicator.  Agent: M&ERS

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent
1.2.3. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners oriented and trained in the utilization of the FTFMS and AT+.	This measures the number of IP and GoG projects that have been linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are using the systems to enter, store, and process indicator data and generate indicator reports for semiannual and annual reporting to the USAID Ghana EG Office. IPs that are only linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are not producing indicator reports shall not be counted.	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners	Tool 2 provides objective rankings that M&ERS can use to rank linkage and level of use of the MIS by IP and GoG agencies.  Agent: M&ERS
1.2.4. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners that have completed and documented DQAs for all of their indicators.	This measures the aggregate number (and percentage) of USAID Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have completed and documented the DQAs they are required to conduct as part of their M&E plans within a 3-year period.	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners	Tool 2 provides objective data on the percentage of indicators that have benefitted from a DQA in the last 3 years. The tool will also provide objective rankings that the M&ERS can use to assess the degree to which IPs and GoG agencies are able to conduct internal DQAs and generate reports.  Agent: M&ERS
1.2.5. Percentage of USAID Ghana EG partners' results validated by METSS II.	This measures the percentage of USAID Ghana EG IP and GoG partner results (indicator data)	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners	Tool 2 documents what percentage of the IP/GoG reports that have been verified by METSS II.  Agent: M&ERS

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	, and Performance Definition F		Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent				
	reported that were validated by METSS II.5							
Sub-IR 1.3: Increased of evaluations.	capacity of USAID/Ghana's EG Offi	ce to conduct	surveys, analytical st	udies, and project				
Outcome Indicator 1.3: Number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies conducted with assistance from METSS II.	This measures the number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies produced as a result of METSS II assistance. <sup>6</sup>	Semiannual	By category of report: 1. Research paper 2. Policy paper 3. Analytical study	Tool 3 provides an objective definition of the different reports that the Research Reporting Specialist assigned to track this indicator can use to classify all three categories of reports—past and present—as well as any reports in process or being finalized.  Agent: Research Reporting				
1.3.1. Number of population-based surveys (PBSs) completed directly by or with assistance from METSS II.	This measures whether a survey was conducted.	Semiannual	Status reports in the semiannual reports will include disaggregation:  By major survey:  1. PBS	Specialist  Tool 3 tracks the progress of each PBS by step:  1. Survey design and execution 2. Dissemination 3. Data-set management A more fine-tuned analysis of where the survey stands in				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Verification activities will be undertaken in collaboration with the IP and GoG partner projects' agreement officer representatives (AORs)/contracting officer representatives (CORs) to check the consistency of results reported by the IP and GoG projects and what exist in the field.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> (1) A <u>research paper</u> is a report on a thematic issue or project with the following elements: purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis, methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations. (2) A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging, or anticipated issue with the principal aim being to inform decision making. (3) An <u>analytical study</u> provides support to the development of policy. The goal of such studies is to guide USAID|Ghana, the GoG, USAID|Ghana EG partners, as well as other development partners working in the ZOI in making policy decisions and investments.

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent						
			2. Agricultural production survey 3. Poultry survey 4. Other (TBD)  By step:	terms of execution, dissemination, and data-set management can be conducted using the same tool.						
			1. Survey design and execution 2. Dissemination 3. Data-set management	Agent: Research Reporting Specialist						
1.3.2. Number of USAID Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments conducted with support from METSS II.	This measures the number of USAID Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments that METSS II has conducted or supported. <sup>7</sup>	Semiannual	For IPs and GoG partners by level of involvement: 1. Executed by METSS II 2. Assisted by METSS II	Tool 3 tracks the level of support (i.e. direct execution, scope of work [SOW] development, identification of consultant, etc.) for project evaluations by IPs and GoG partners.						
				Agent: Research Reporting Specialist						
IR 2: Increased knowled implementation.	IR 2: Increased knowledge, data, and information for use in policy, strategic planning, project design, and implementation									
Sub-IR 2.1: Increased availability and access to evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy										
and project design and		Mist March	T =	To all 4 Se alcodo a class assets						
Outcome Indicator	This measures the current level of	Mid-Year	For:	Tool 4 includes objective						
<b>2.1:</b> Percentage of USAID Ghana EG	use of the Ghanalinks.org online resources such as the library,	Year 5 (FY2018)	1. IPs 2. USAID Ghana	rankings of different levels of the use of online tools that						
staff, IP staff, and GoG	analytical database, mapping tool,	only	EG staff	METSS II developed to help						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Performance evaluations can be either mid-term evaluations or final evaluations. Usually, these evaluations are conducted by either a consulting firm or group of individual experts identified and grouped for the purpose of executing the evaluations. Baseline surveys should not be counted as part of this indicator. Other research that does not assess the performance of project activities should not be included in this indicator.

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent
partner staff that use online library, database, and analytics developed by METSS II.	online discussion forum, and other resources developed by METSS II in support of the functions of the USAID Ghana IPs, GoG partners, and EG staff. <sup>8</sup>		3. GoG partners	USAID Ghana IPs and EG staff increase their access to and use of relevant policy documents  Agent: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team
2.1.1. Number of databases developed and in use.	This measures the number of databases in use by METSS II, the EG Office, and its partners such as the IPs, GoG partners, and other development partners (DPs) collaborating with USAID Ghana.9	Semiannual	By database	Tool 4  Agent: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team
2.1.2. Number of geographical information system (GIS) layers developed and available to clients.	This measures the number of GIS layers produced from data obtained from various sources and shared with USAID Ghana, other development actors, and/or the public. This includes:  1. Those produced from data obtained in .shp files  2. Those obtained in other formats requiring conversion  3. Those that needed digitizing	Annual	By category of GIS layer	Tool 4  Agent: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team

<sup>-</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The other resources include the analytics that can be obtained by querying the aWhere database. A staff person should be counted only when he or she has used at least two of the Ghanalinks.org resources, and for more than one occasion.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Examples of a database could be Ghanalinks.org, PBS analytics database, the DP database, the agricultural production survey (APS), the poultry database (once created), and the METSSII PMMP database (once created). Databases developed/created by METSSII for IP and GoG partner projects to use to manage their indicator data should be included in this indicator.

Proposed IRs, Sub- IRs, and Performance Indicators	Definition	Frequency	Disaggregation	Data Collection Tools and Responsible Agent					
Sub-IR 2.2. Strengthened capacity of GoG MDAs to use evidence-based data, information, and knowledge for more effective policy and programmatic contributions to the achievement of USAID/Ghana DO2 and GoG goals.									
Outcome Indicator 2.2: Number of USAID Ghana EG GoG partners that report using the METSS II research papers, policy papers, and/or analytical studies to support policy and project planning.	This measures the extent to which USAID Ghana EG GoG partners		By GoG agency By type of paper or study	Tool 5 includes objective rankings of different levels the embedded advisors can use to assess if and how the different categories of reports produced by METSS II (and specific reports) have been and/or are currently being used.  Agent: The METSS II Capapcity Building and Support Services (CBSS) team.					

Source: Meetings with METSS II component staff, August 17-September 1, 2016. Updated November 13, 2016.

<sup>10</sup> (1) A <u>research paper</u> is a report on a thematic issue or project with the following elements: purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis, methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations. (2) A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging, or anticipated issue with the <u>principal aim being to inform decision making</u>. (3) An <u>analytical study provides support to the development of policy</u>.

#### 2.4. Key Assumptions

The key assumptions undergirding the METSS project include:

- That METSS will use the documented FTF results framework, the Automated Directive System (ADS) Chapter 203, and other USAID M&E guidance documents in building M&E capacity at the partner level and in the design and implementation of M&E systems for the USAID|Ghana EG Office;
- Regular involvement in USAID|Ghana country and/or regional M&E meetings will
  enable METSS to keep informed of the anticipated needs of the USAID|Ghana
  EG Office and to respond to emerging changes in its M&E process;
- Timely guidance from USAID in regards to anticipated changes in M&E procedures, FTF results framework, and indicators will assist METSS in responding to any necessary modification of its key deliverables; and
- That METSS will have access to partner data and results reporting and, that if access becomes an issue, METSS can seek guidance from the USAID|Ghana EG Office to address any challenges.

#### 3.0. Performance Monitoring Plan

#### 3.1. Monitoring and Evaluation Guiding Principles

Three principles have been identified as important for operationalizing the METSS II PMMP, for ensuring that the METSS II project is responsive to the evolving needs of the USAID|Ghana EG Office, and for promoting a performance-oriented culture for the project:

- The PMMP will focus on collecting data on a minimum number of indicators needed for the staff, lead university partners KSU and UCC, USAID|Ghana EG Office, and USDA/FAS Office to track the most important outputs and outcomes it was designed to support;
- The PMMP will be carried out in a well-coordinated, collaborative manner using tools that each component of the project can use to track its principal outputs and outcomes; and
- The M&E process will be done in a way that allows continual feedback to the METSS II component staff and allows them to better tailor their activities to increase the project's efficiency, effectiveness, and impact.

#### 3.2. Plan for Performance Monitoring

The METSS II PMMP process will collect the output and outcome data used internally by the project to track progress and inform implementation, as well as externally to communicate the progress the project is making to the USAID|Ghana EG Office and other stakeholders like the USDA/FAS Office, KSU, UCC, and the EG Office's IPs and GoG partners.

#### 3.2.1. Data Collection Methodologies

The foundation of the METSS II PMMP data collection is the detailed PIRS. For each indicator, PIRS will provide a precise definition, data-collection method, data-collection schedule, data source, person responsible for collecting data, plan for data analysis, and any known potential data-quality issues.

Five tools have been developed to help the component staff collect and present the data for the indicators they are reporting on (Table 2, Annex 1). Data quality will be ensured by reducing the opportunity for mistakes through:

- A precise and thorough PIRS;
- Use of simple data-collection tools that will be managed by one staff member from each of METSS II's four components and internally verified by designated project team members;
- Simple methods for entering the data collected by each of the five tools into the PMMP database; and

 The ability to generate reports from the PMMP database, allowing the METSS II Director of Operations and others to view newly entered data for inconsistencies and anomalies.

The PMMP data will be available for analysis only after approval by the METSS II Director of Operations. Once the data is reviewed and approved, the METSS II Director of Operations—with input from the technical leads for each of the four project components (i.e. M&E, research and special studies, capacity building and support services, and knowledge management)—will analyze the data for reporting and adaptive management. Other METSS II staff and USAID|Ghana EG staff will have access to view but not change data for analysis, reporting, and project management.

- Tool 1 will provide a mechanism for the appropriate METSS II component staff to collect and analyze the data that is needed to measure the outcome indicator and the two output indicators for Sub-IR 1.1;
- Tool 2 will collect the IP and GoG partner-specific data needed to measure the outcome indicator and five output indicators for Sub-IR 1.2;
- Tool 3 will collect the IP and GoG partner-specific data needed to measure the outcome indicator and two output indicators for Sub-IR 1.3;
- Tool 4 will collect the IP and GoG partner-specific data needed to measure the outcome indicator and two output indicators for Sub-IR 2.1; and
- Tool 5 will collect the IP and GoG partner-specific data needed to measure the outcome indicator for Sub-IR 2.2.

#### 3.2.2. Data Flow

*3.2.2.1. Data Collection Tools by Component*. At least two staff associated with each of the four components of the project will be responsible for refining and pilot testing the draft tools that are being proposed for data collection and analysis. The results of this initial pilot test will be reviewed in January-February 2017 so project staff can start collecting the data for fiscal year (FY)2017. The tools will be finalized after the pilot test. And, as a living document, the tools will be refined annually and/or as necessary.

**3.2.2.2. Data Uploading.** The final data collection tools will be integrated into the METSS II management information system (MIS), with one data-entry person clearly identified for each of the four project components.

#### 3.2.3. Database

The METSS II project MIS simplifies data flow and management by decentralizing data entry and allowing for entry and analysis. The PMMP database system will be simple and easy to use. The database will use application software and will be structured by Sub-IR, which will make it easier to perform internal data quality assessments (DQAs). The indicator reports will be generated by the application and checked by the Director of Operations. The METSS II database manager will be responsible for managing the PMMP database and reporting system.

#### 3.2.4. Management of the METSS II PMMP Process

To encourage staff participation and buy-in of the system, each of the four METSS II component leads will be in charge of the data collection and write up of the data for the indicators that are directly linked to the activities that they oversee. The central management of the PMMP process and reporting will be vested in the METSS II Director of Operations.

#### 3.3. Communication and Reporting

#### 3.3.1. Plan for Performance Management

The goal of the annual review, one of two joint supervision missions held with all of its principal partners conducted annually during the last 60 days of the fourth quarter, is to assure that the METSS II activities are "effective and accountable to the project objectives."<sup>11</sup>

Based on the annual work planning review, the project staff has developed a detailed implementation plan (DIP) and annual operational plan (AOP) used to manage and monitor METSS II activities and key outputs.

Biweekly staff meetings at the METSS II Ghana Office provide management and staff an opportunity to review progress on defined and new emerging activities. Implementation challenges are discussed and solutions found.

Monthly management meetings are organized by conference calls between the METSS II partners, USDA, KSU, UCC, and the METSS II Ghana Office. These meetings allow for discussion of METSS II performance, and adjustments so forward planning can be made.

A minimum of two annual management and research visits (one of them in conjunction with the annual planning review) by KSU and USDA to the USAID METSS II project office in Ghana have been established. These visits provide another mechanism to review performance and interact with management and staff to address implementation challenges.

#### 3.3.2. Reporting Requirements

METSS II is contractually obligated to submit four reports a year to USAID:

 Two quarterly reports (Quarter [Q]1 and Q3) that report on administrative matters covering, at a minimum: (1) expenditure status; and (2) status of personnel

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> PASA between USAID and USDA FAS/OCBD. (2014). Washington, DC: USAID. METSS II Contract, p. 11.

- employed under the agreement. The reports are due within 15 days after the end of the quarter being covered; and
- Two semiannual technical progress reports (Q2 and Q4) that "address the status of the work under the agreement (1) indicating progress made with respect to the goals set forth in...[the] statement of work, and (2) setting forth plans for the ensuing period, including recommendations covering the current needs in the fields of activity that are covered under the terms of this agreement." <sup>12</sup> The reports are due within 45 days following the end of the period being covered.

USDA is also contractually obligated to submit a draft final report to USAID|Ghana that will detail what was done under the project, what was accomplished, and lessons learned within 90 days of completion of the project. The METSS II contract specifies that USAID|Ghana and USDA will jointly define all reporting formats.

#### 3.3.3. Reporting Format and Processes

- 3.3.3.1. Existing Format—FY2014-FY2016. Since 2014, the semiannual report has followed a format that describes the major activities under each of the project's principal components (i.e. M&E, research and special studies, capacity building and support services, and knowledge management) for the reporting period. This system of reporting focused on most of the aggregate indicators identified in the 2014 M&E plan. It did not, however, present this information in the standard format of an indicator tracking table nor include any sort of disaggregated analysis by gender or category of client (i.e. IP vs. GoG partner) for a given year, as this was neither required nor expected when the project was designed.
- 3.3.3.2. Proposed Format—FY2017-FY2018. While a report format that focuses on single-year achievements was very appropriate in the context of the first three years in which the core activities and tools of the PASA were being established to respond to USAID's new performance management plan (PMP), it is less useful in the final two years of METSS II when the USAID|Ghana EG Office is going to start shifting its focus toward:
  - Capitalizing on some of the achievements of the PASA's first three years; and
  - Determining which activities need to continue beyond the current METSS II funding.

To address this issue, the project is recommending that the future semiannual reports situate each year's achievements within a broader context by adopting a new format, which emphasizes:

 Writing about cumulative as well as single-year progress in achieving the project's targets for certain IR and sub-IR output and outcome indicators (aka, writing to results);

19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> PASA between USAID and USDA FAS/OCBD. (2014). Washington, DC: USAID. METSS II Contract, p. 17.

- Providing a precise and concise summary of the activities during that reporting period for each of the project's four components (M&E, research and special studies, capacity building and support services, and knowledge management);
- Setting forth plans for the ensuing period, including recommendations covering the current needs in the fields of activity that are covered under the terms of this agreement; and
- Attaching an updated indicator tracking table as an annex to the report.

This shift in focus should make it easier for the USAID|Ghana EG Office, USDA, and other stakeholders (IPs, GoG partners) to:

- Appreciate the cumulative impact of the project's activities to date on the portfolio;
- Better streamline their priorities for the remaining two years (FY2017 and FY2018); and
- Better identify some of the gaps and what types of activities might be needed to redress those gaps.

3.3.3.3. Proposed Writing Process. To facilitate the new format for reports, the design team is developing a draft template (Section 6) as a tool for helping component staff understand which indicators they are responsible for writing and how those indicators need to provide the basic skeleton of the text. In addition to providing a more focused view of the project's cumulative results to date, this new format should save time by providing a clear simple framework for reporting. The final responsibility for reviewing the report will rest with the METSS II Director of Operations and KSU with assistance from USDA/FAS.

#### 3.4. Data Quality Control and Assessment

METSS II recognizes the significance of accurate, adequate, reliable, and timely data in decision making and planning.

#### 3.4.1. Internal Controls

To verify the quality and consistence of the data collected for the indicator tracking table, each of the four component leads will nominate one staff member to be responsible for that component's data entry. A second staff member will provide internal verification of this information every quarter. These internal processes will be overseen by the technical leads for each METSS II component and the Director of Operations when component lead positions are vacant.

#### 3.4.2. External Data Quality Assessment

At the end of each fiscal year, the USAID|Ghana EG Office's agreement officer representative (AOR) responsible for METSS II, or the AOR's designated person or consultant, will verify and

validate the data being reported for each indicator in the tracking table to insure their validity, integrity, precision, reliability, and timeliness.

This verification/validation process will produce a report shared with the USDA/FAS project manager or M&E contact. The USDA/FAS project manager or M&E specialist will also be invited to share in some of the verification/validation activities.

#### 3.5. PMMP Tasks and Responsibilities

All of the key PMMP activities will occur on a predictable annual cycle that will link to the contractual obligations for joint supervision missions and reporting (Table 3).

Table 3. METSS II PMMP Operational Plan for FY2017<sup>13</sup>

Table 3. WL 133 II FW	- P	Responsible	FY20	)17										
PMMP Activity	PMMP Products	Person Within METSS II	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep
Review the METSS Il project scope and revise the PMMP results framework (RF) to reflect existing needs of USAID Ghana EG Office	PMMP draft		X	X										
Revise the existing PMMP, including setting up an M&E system in line with revision made to the RF	PMMP					X	X							
Collect and enter performance indicator data into the METSS II internal MIS	System for collection and analysis of PMMP data in place						X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	х
Update the performance indicators data using new data available	Draft updated indicator		Х	X	X	X	X	x	X	X	Х	X	X	х
Conduct review/joint partner <sup>14</sup> supervision of METSS II	Component staff reviews & ideas for new							Х					Х	

Certain activities in the first year will not be repeated in later years.
 KSU, USDA, and UCC with USAID|Ghana EG and METSS II staff.

	PMMP Products	Responsible Person Within METSS II	FY2017											
PMMP Activity			Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sep
performance on semiannual basis	DIP/review DIP													
Informal joint DQA with USAID Ghana EG Office of indicator data <sup>15</sup>	DQA performance indicators												Х	
Quarterly and semiannual reports prepared and submitted <sup>16</sup>				X		Х			Х				X	

Source: Meetings with METSS II component staff, August 17-September 1, 2016. Revised November 13, 2016.

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> In preparation for the annual review meeting. Executed by METSS II in collaboration with the USAID|Ghana AOR for METSS II or his designated person from the EG Office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> One implicit goal of the PMMP process outlined in this document is to shorten the time needed to prepare the two semiannual reports by making it easier for the component staff to prepare the data needed in September so that it can be quickly written up in October. The report is legally due 45 days after the close of the reporting period, which would be mid-November.

#### 3.6. Project Final Assessment

Since the USDA/FAS PASA is not required to track any of the required USAID or FTF indicators, there is no requirement for a baseline or endline survey. It is expected, however, that some sort of final evaluation of the project (internal or external) will be conducted during the last year. The planning for this final assessment will likely occur during Q2 of FY2018.

If this assessment is internal, the METSS II Director of Operations will develop a draft scope of work (SOW) to conduct this evaluation based on the existing PMMP data sets, and present and discuss the draft results during one of the semiannual joint supervision missions with USAIDIGhana EG Office, USDA, KSU, and UCC.

If this evaluation is external, a revised version of the same SOW could be used to hire a consultant that all of the key institutional partners could agree on to lead the process, which would be based on the same methodology as the internal assessment and include focus group discussions with a representative sample of the IPs and GoG partners.

#### 4.0. Performance Indicator Reference Sheets<sup>17</sup>

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Outcome Indicator 1.1)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.1. Improved M&E plans developed by USAID|Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.

Name of Indicator: 1.1. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.

Reporting Year(s/)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of USAID|Ghana IPs and GoG partners that have aligned their M&E framework—including results framework, reporting protocols, data management, and reporting platforms—to the EG Office M&E framework. IPs or GoG partners should be counted under this indicator when they have developed and/or revised their original M&E frameworks and expanded those frameworks into M&E plans.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG MDAs

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): An M&E plan is a guidance document that details out how the implementing partner plans to collect, process, analyze, and report on indicators for performance measurements. It is assumed that a well-designed M&E plan is the first step to ensuring compliance with USAID M&E requirements. Having the plan approved is an assurance that the M&E plan, including the results framework, are aligned to USAID programming and M&E framework.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

Method of Data Collection and Construction: METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 1, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

#### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

Date of Future DQAs (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** To ensure that no unapproved M&E plans are counted, the METSS II M&E staff will request for approval letter/email from AOR as proof of approval for each M&E plan reviewed.

#### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP projects with an approved M&E plan before the METSS II project start date would be counted as part of the baseline number.

**Rationale for Targets** *(optional):* Since new projects are always being added to the EG portfolio, the unofficial target is always 100% of the projects that are not in their first year of execution. METSS II is not, however, planning to report against any target on this indicator.

#### CHANGES TO INDICATOR

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> METSS indicators do not contribute directly to the USAID|Ghana PPR (See Section 2.0).

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.1.1)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.1. Improved M&E plans developed by USAID|Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.

Name of Indicator: 1.1.1. Number of new USAID|Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.

Reporting Year(s)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of <u>new</u> USAID|Ghana EG IPs, including GoG partners, that have received assistance from METSS II to develop their M&E plans, and whose M&E plans were approved by USAID|Ghana during the current reporting period.

New partners are those IP projects that are/were procured during the reporting/current fiscal year. A project will be considered new if it has closed one phase of the project and started a new phase (usually a follow-on) in the same reporting year. A project will not be counted as a new project if it has only received a modification.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG MDAs

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): A high proportion of staff time is devoted to helping new projects comply with USAID guidance. It is assumed that training new staff about the USAID M&E requirements will improve the quality of the M&E plans to meet USAID M&E requirements.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 1, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

#### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

#### Dates of Previous DQAs and name of reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a high temptation for counting unapproved M&E plans under this indicator and for IP projects that did not receive support from METSS to develop their M&E plans. To ensure that this indicator only counts IP projects that received support from METSS to develop their M&E plans, this indicator will be cross referenced with Indicator 1.1.2. To ensure that only approved M&E plans are counted under this indicator, METSS II M&E staff will request for approval letter/email from AOR as proof of approval for each M&E plan removed.

#### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional)*: Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP projects that received support from METSS II to develop their M&E plans and received approval before the METSS II project start date could be counted as part of the baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): Since new projects are always being added to the EG portfolio, the unofficial target is always 100% of the projects that are not in their first year of execution. METSS II is not, however, planning to report against any target on this indicator.

#### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

**Changes to Indicator:** 

Other Notes (optional):

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.1.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.1. Improved M&E plans developed by USAID|Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.

Name of Indicator: 1.1.2. Number of existing USAID|Ghana EG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans.

Reporting Year(s)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of existing USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans at the request of the USAID|Ghana EG Office or IP staff. This is usually due to a shift in guidance, a modification to their activities, or changes in the project-enabling environment due to external factors.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana EG IP and GoG partner by type of assistance

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): An M&E plan is a guidance document that details how the implementing partner plans to collect, process, analyze, and report on indicators for performance measurements. It is assumed that many partners with approved M&E plans will need revision assistance, usually because of a new reporting requirement and/or because they were not working with METSS at the time their original plans were designed. This assistance is generated by requests from the USAID|Ghana EG Office. This assistance is expected to help ensure that the revised M&E plans are aligned to the USAID programming and M&E framework.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 1, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

#### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** There are two potential problems with this indicator. The first is the risk of confusing new M&E plans with the revision of existing plans. The second is the risk of counting unapproved M&E plans under this indicator. To ensure that these limitations are removed, METSS II M&E staff will distinguish between: (1) IPs and GoG partners that they assist with the development of new M&E plans; (2) those with existing plans that they help to revise; and (3) require each IP and GoG partner they assist to submit a copy of the request for approval letter/email from AOR as proof of approval for each M&E plan.

#### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP projects that requested and received assistance from the METSS II project in the revision of an approved M&E plan that rolled over to the new project (in FY2014) will be counted in the baseline indicator.

Rationale for Targets (optional): Any IP project that has received a written request from USAID|Ghana for help with revising an approved plan can be counted in the annual target for this indicator.

#### CHANGES TO INDICATOR

#### **Changes to Indicator:**

Other Notes (optional): Report narrative will indicate number trained/assisted and number that had their M&E plans approved, but these details are not reported in the tracking table.

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Outcome Indicator 1.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2. Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG Office standard indicators for which all IPs for which all IPs have had a DQA.

Reporting Year(s)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the percentage of USAID|Ghana active EG Office standard indicators with completed DQAs, evident by a field report and completed mandatory DQA worksheet for each indicator covered. DQAs should be conducted for each standard indicator at least 6 months after the indicator has become ACTIVE (i.e. the IP has signed an agreement and has started project implementation), and/or before the first annual report is made on the indicator in question. Each ACTIVE indicator should have a DQA done, with a DQA worksheet, at least once every 3 years in compliance with ADS 203.35.1 and other derivative directives from the ADS. The number reported in the table is the percentage of indicators for the current fiscal year.

Unit of Measure: Percentage

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG MDAs

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Ensuring that each IP project reporting on a standard indicator goes through the DQA processes gives the Mission the confidence that the data generated and reported by the IPs are credible and can be relied upon for decision-making.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

#### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

#### Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** Since multiple IPs can report on the same standard USAID|Ghana EG Office indicator, it is important to ensure that each IP is meeting USAID standards for that indicator. To ensure that this occurs, METSS II M&E staff will request and approved DQA report from the AOR as proof that the DQA was executed and that the report was approved.

#### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP projects that have a documented DQA that has been approved by the AOR within the last three years can be counted as part of this baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The annual target for this indicator will be IPs that are in the third year after the last DQA for the indicator they report on, and/or in the first year. If an IP has an approved DQA for the standard indicator it reports on in Years 1 and 2, it would not be listed in this target.

#### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

**Changes to Indicator:** 

Other Notes (optional):

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.2.1)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2.1. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners' staff trained in M&E techniques.

Reporting Year(s)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the count of individuals who have received training in a variety of M&E topics such as M&E framework/M&E plan design, developing performance indicators, PIRS, indicator data collection, data entry into FTFMS, AT+, indicator data verification, and DQA, among others. An individual will be counted if she/he has received training in any two topics, including M&E framework/M&E plan design.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: IPs and GoG partners by number of people trained by gender

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Building capacity is one of METSS core activities and its objective is to ensure that staff working on USAID projects are abreast of the USAID standards and requirements, and that they are able to function well in their positions. Training of USAID|Ghana partners staff therefore contributes to the USAID Forward agenda of local capacity building. It is also an assurance that the staff will be able to produce data and information that meets USAID M&E principles.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

**DATA QUALITY ISSUES** 

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last year of the previous DQA.

Known Data Limitations: It is easy for IPs to double count trainees and to not disaggregate the trainees by category of trainee (i.e. NGO staff, NGO consultants, GoG permanent staff, GoG consultants, local government officials, USAID staff, and consultants from the Ghana office or other regional or headquarters office). To ensure that this limitation is removed, the METSS II M&E staff will develop a standard form that identifies staff as individuals and by category that respects USAID norms for protecting trainees' identities. This form will discriminate between formal in-class trainings and trainings that are METSS II facilitated and monitored (for standards).

#### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP staff who have participated in a formal METSS II-sponsored project training before the METSS II project start date will be counted as part of this baseline number. The tracking number will also report training frequency (i.e. how many have had 1-5+ trainings).

Rationale for Targets (optional): Since the implicit target for training staff is 100% (i.e. all staff participating in some sort of formal training program each year), the most meaningful target will be the targets set for ensuring staff participate in more than one training and/or specific clusters of training that they need to complete their job starting in FY2017.

#### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

#### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.2.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2.2. Number (and percentage) of USAID|Ghana EG partners using documented M&E techniques, tools, protocols, and guidelines.

Reporting Year(s)

#### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have either designed, adapted, or documented the following as a result of METSS II assistance in six areas:

- 1. M&E plan (framework);
- 2. PIRS that followed the recommended formats as outlined in the M&E plan;
- 3. Data-collection instruments for indicators:
- 4. Data-verification procedures and SOPs:
- 5. Reporting formats and established reporting timelines; and
- 6. Data-quality strategy/guidelines

IPs and GoG partners meeting the  $\underline{\text{first three}}$  items on the above list of attributes shall be counted as meeting the requirements of the indicator.

Unit of Measure: Number and percentage

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana IP and GoG partner by level of use of standard techniques

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Since the number of projects changes from year to year, it is important for METSS II to stay abreast of shifts in capacity of the EG partners to use certain tools. This has been implicit in METSS II's work and tracked informally. Better tracking of the cumulative ups and downs in IP and GoG partner capacity should help the USAID|Ghana EG Office and METSS II project to better understand the challenges of tracking and monitoring this capacity.

#### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP and GoG projects for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

#### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQAs.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a risk of confusion in reporting on this indicator unless the specific tools the IPs and GoG partners need to report on their projects to the standards identified by USAID are identified. To ensure that this limitation is removed, the METSS II M&E staff have developed a tool to rank each IP and GoG partner's capacity for each of the six core capacities identified above based on objective, verifiable criteria.

#### TARGETS AND BASELINE

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP and GoG partner projects with approved M&E plans before the METSS II project start date would be counted as part of the baseline number. METSS II staff will retroactively rank (with active input from the IP and GoG partner staff) all IP and GoG partner projects' capacity in the six core areas being monitored.

Rationale for Targets (optional): Annual targets will be set for each of the six core capacities starting in FY2017.

#### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

## **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.2.3)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2.3. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners oriented and trained in the utilization of the FTFMS and AT+.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of IP and GoG projects that have been linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are using the systems to enter, store, and process indicator data and generate indicator reports for semiannual and annual reporting to the USAID|Ghana EG Office. IPs that are only linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are not producing indicator reports shall not be counted.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana IP and GoG partner

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): The FTFMS and AT+ are critical to the development of sustainable reporting on the USAID|Ghana EG portfolio since they are the mechanism that IPs and GoG partners must use to upload their data. It is critical, therefore, for the USAID|Ghana EG Office to know how many IPs and GoG partners are able to use this system correctly. Having an average or above-average knowledge of both systems is an assurance that the IP or GoG partner can continue reporting to USAID in the correct manner and to USAID|Ghana EG in a timely manner.

## PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana EG IP projects and GoG MDAs records

Method of Data Collection and Construction: METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

**DATA QUALITY ISSUES** 

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a high temptation to report yes/no on this indicator, which obscures the fact that the IPs and GoG partners vary widely in their ability to use both the FTFMS and AT+. To address this issue, the METSS II M&E staff will measure each IP and GoG partner's ability to use both systems using objective and verifiable criteria.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All projects working with METSS II will be measured for this indicator retroactively.

Rationale for Targets (optional): Annual targets will be set for moving the percentage of IPs and GoG partners with average or above average to use both systems in FY2017 and FY2018.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.2.4)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2.4. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners that have completed and documented DQAs for all of their indicators.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the aggregate number (and percentage) of USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have completed and documented the DQAs they are required to conduct as part of their M&E plans within a 3-year period.

Unit of Measure: Number and percentage

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana IP and GoG partner

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Up-to-date DQAs are critical to ensuring that the data that the USAID|Ghana EG Office reports reflects field realities. It is assumed that the current regulations requiring all standard indicators to have at least one DQA every three years is the first step to ensuring high-quality data. More accurate and timely data on which IPs and GoG partners are up to date on their DQAs should help the USAID|Ghana EG Office and METSS II better understand which IPs and GoG partners have strong, average, and weak reporting systems, and what measures need to be taken to sustain high-quality reporting.

## PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of data collection and construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** One of the major risks associated with this indicator is the tendency to county the physical execution of a DQA without having an approved DQA (mandatory) worksheet or report. To ensure that this limitation is addressed, METSS II M&E staff will request the DQA (mandatory) worksheet or report as proof of approval for each DQA conducted.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP and GoG partner projects working with the project in this year will be counted as part of the baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The targets set for FY2017 and FY2018 will reflect the number of IPs and GoG partners identified by METSS II as needing to update their DQAs.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

## **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.2.5)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.2. Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

Name of Indicator: 1.2.5. Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG partners' results validated by METSS II.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the percentage of USAID|Ghana EG IP and GoG partner results (indicator data) reported that were validated by METSS II.

Verification activities will be undertaken in collaboration with the IP and GoG partner projects' AORs/contracting officer representatives (CORs) to check the consistency of results reported by the IP and GoG projects and what exist in the field.

**Unit of Measure:** Percentage

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana EG IP or GoG partner

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): More accurate and timely data that reflects what pertains in the field will give USAID|Ghana the opportunity to accurately measure progress or lack of it thereof. Field verification of IP and GoG partner results will also give the visiting staff an opportunity to gather beneficiaries' perceptions of the results from the EG program interventions and the tacit knowledge and information could be used to better inform project implementation.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 2, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) responsible at METSS II: M&ERS assigned to track this indicator.

### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the M&ERS. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

Known Data Limitations: None

### TARGETS AND BASELINE

**Baseline Timeframe (optional):** Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP and GoG partner projects that had their results (indicator data) validated by METSS II under the previous project could be counted as part of this baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The targets set for FY2017 and FY2018 should be 100% of the target set for Indicator 1.2.4.

## **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Outcome Indictor 1.3)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.3. Increased capacity of USAID|Ghana's EG Office to conduct surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations.

Name of Indicator: 1.3. Number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies conducted with assistance from METSS II.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies produced as a result of METSS II assistance.

- 1. A <u>research paper</u> is report on a thematic issue or project with the following elements: purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis, methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations.
- 2. A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging, or anticipated issue with the principal aim being to inform decision making.
- 3. An analytical study provides support to the development of policy.

The goal of such studies is to guide USAID|Ghana, the GoG, USAID|Ghana EG partners, as well as other development partners working in the ZOI in making policy decisions and investments.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: Category of report: research paper, policy paper, analytical study

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): New and existing USAID|Ghana projects and GoG policies need to be justified with evidence-based research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies. The METSS II project was expected to increase the available supply of evidence-based research and policy papers and analytical studies for the ZOI.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: METSS II records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 3, Annex I to collect data on the current status of the production, archiving, and distribution of all of its research and policy papers and analytical studies.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: Research Reporting Specialist assigned to track this indicator.

**DATA QUALITY ISSUES** 

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the Research Reporting Specialist. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

Known Data Limitations: It is tempting to count any paper or study that is published and posted on the METSS II web portal. To address this limitation, the METSS II M&E staff will collect data only on documents that were produced with METSS II project assistance since FY2014. If the project identifies other IP or GoG-produced documents that are considered sufficiently important to post, they can be tracked separately.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. Any study that was started under the old project can be counted as part of the baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The annual targets for this indicator in FY2017 and FY2018 will reflect the expected planning of the project. To accommodate new priorities and needs, these targets will be adjusted each year.

### CHANGES TO INDICATOR

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

## **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.3.1)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.3. Increased capacity of USAID|Ghana's EG Office to conduct surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations.

Name of Indicator: 1.3.1. Number of PBSs completed directly or with assistance from METSS II.

Reporting Year(s)

DESCRIPTION

Precise Definition(s): This measures whether a survey was conducted.

Unit of Measure: Number

**Disaggregated by:** FTF ZOI PBS, agricultural production survey (APS) and other surveys (TBD). A more fine-tuned analysis of where the PBS survey stands in terms of execution, dissemination, and data-set management can also be conducted using the same tool and reported in the text of the semiannual reports, but not in the tracking table.

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Good PBS research is critical to building the types of results-based information that the GoG partners, IPs, and USAID|Ghana need for effective policy. USAID requires all of its projects to: (1) anticipate which groups need to be targeted by the dissemination of the research results, and (2) make the cleaned data sets available to other groups to increase the value added of the initial investment in data collection.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 3, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: Research Reporting Specialist assigned to track this indicator.

**DATA QUALITY ISSUES** 

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the Research Reporting Specialist. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a temptation for counting only the physical execution and write up of a survey/analytical study/project evaluation with little attention focused on dissemination or database management. To ensure that this limitation is removed, METSS II M&E staff will track the physical execution of the survey, as well as the status of the survey/analytical study/project evaluation for dissemination and database write up.

### TARGETS AND BASELINE

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations produced or disseminated with METSS II support are eligible for inclusion in this baseline figure.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The target numbers for FY2017 and FY2018 will reflect the METSS II project goals for survey/analytical studies and project evaluation production, dissemination, and database management in these years. Since USAID|Ghana priorities change, these targets may be adjusted annually.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

## **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 1.3.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 1.3. Increased capacity of USAID|Ghana's EG Office to conduct surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations.

Name of Indicator: 1.3.2. Number of USAID|Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments conducted with support from METSS II.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of USAID|Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments that METSS II has conducted or supported.

Performance evaluations can be either mid-term evaluations or final evaluations. Usually, these evaluations are conducted by either a consulting firm or group of individual experts identified and grouped for the purpose of executing the evaluations. Baseline surveys should not be counted as part of this indicator. Other research that does not assess the performance of project activities should not be included in this indicator.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: IPs and GoG partners.

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): High-quality project performance evaluations, surveys, and analytical studies are critical to achieving results-based planning. It is assumed that METSS II technical backstopping will increase efficiency, efficacy, and impact of the USAID|Ghana EG-funded projects' evaluations.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 3, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: Research Reporting Specialist assigned to track this indicator.

**DATA QUALITY ISSUES** 

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (*optional*): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the Research Reporting Specialist. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** The level of support provided by METSS II for project surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations varies widely. Some require a lot of detailed technical back up, and some do not. This wide variation could lead staff to underestimate or overestimate the number of projects that received this type of assistance. To address this limitation, the METSS II M&E staff will track the actual level of support.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. All IP projects that received METSS II assistance in the design, execution, or write up of a survey, analytical study, or project evaluation before the METSS II start-up date can be included in this baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The targets reported in the tracking table for FY2017 and FY2018 identify IP and GoG projects that have requested and/or are expected to request METSS II assistance with EG performance evaluations and assistance. Since the number of new projects and new IPs and GoG partners changes annually, these targets are indicative (e.g. not fixed) subject to explanation and/or USAID|Ghana requests.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

**Changes to Indicator:** 

Other Notes (optional):

## **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Outcome Indicator 2.1)**

**Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 2.1.** Increased availability and access to evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation.

Name of Indicator: 2.1. Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG staff, IP staff, and GoG partner staff that use online library, database, and analytics developed by METSS II.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the current level of use of the Ghanalinks.org online resources such as the library, analytical database, mapping tool, online discussion forum, and other analytical resources developed by METSS II in support of the functions of the USAID|Ghana IPs, GoG partners, and EG staff.

The other resources include the analytics that can be obtained by querying the aWhere database. A staff person should be counted only when he or she has used at least two of the Ghanalinks.org resources, and for more than one occasion.

Unit of Measure: Percentage

Disaggregated by: USAID|Ghana IPs, EG staff, and GoG partners

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Just producing more knowledge, data, and information does not necessarily lead to its use in policy strategic planning, project design, and implementation. It is important to measure how people access and use the new information. This information on access and use should provide valuable information to the USAID|Ghana EG Office and METSS II on how its existing systems for increasing knowledge, data, and information are working for particular target audiences.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: USAID|Ghana IP projects and GoG MDAs records

Method of Data Collection and Construction: METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 4, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing project/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Mid-Year Year 5 (FY2018) only

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team.

## **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

## Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication component staff. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years for each M&E plan reviewed.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a temptation to count use of data, information, or knowledge as a simple yes/no. This overlooks the wide differences that exist between and within the USAID|Ghana EG Office's target audiences. To address this limitation, the METSS II M&E staff will refine a draft index (Tool 4, Annex I) that can help identify different levels of use of specific categories of information on the METSS II web portal. This information will help the project better tailor the tools it uses to facilitate IP, GoG MDA, and EG staff access to the site.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** *(optional):* The baseline year for this indicator is FY2015. Since the Ghanalinks.org webportal became active in FY2016, the baseline value for this indicator will be zero (0).

Rationale for Targets (optional): The figures reported as the targets for FY2017 and FY2018 would be the project's expected goals for each of these global categories. These global targets would be weighted averages of the METSS II targets for all of its IPs, GoG partner MDAs, and EG staff. This information should help METSS II and USAID|Ghana identify what assistance the partners need to increase their use of the online tools and resources.

#### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

**Changes to Indicator:** 

Other Notes (optional):

### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 2.1.1)**

**Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 2.1.** Increased availability and access to evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation.

Name of Indicator: 2.1.1. Number of databases developed and in use

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of databases developed and in use by METSS, the EG Office, and its partners such as the IPs, GoG partners, and other DPs collaborating with USAID|Ghana. Examples of a database could be Ghanalinks.org, PBS analytics database, the DP database, the APS, the poultry database (once created), and the METSS II PMMP database (once created). Databases developed/created by METSS II for IP and GoG partner projects to use to manage their indicator data should be included in this indicator. The number of reported in the tracking table is the number of databases ranked as functional.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: By database

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional):

## PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: METSS II project records

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II M&E staff will use Tool 4, Annex I to collect data from IP projects and GoG MDAs implementing projects/activities for the EG Office.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team

### DATA QUALITY ISSUES

### Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication component staff. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** Since individual IPs and GoG partners are likely to post some project-specific databases on the web portal, as they are required to do so by USAID, there could be some confusion about which ones are METSS II-developed and/or executed. There is also a temptation to list a database as being operational when it is still in the process of being set up and/or designed. To ensure that these limitations are removed, the indicator will only count the databases that METSS II has facilitated and approved as fully operational.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. Any database that was developed and in use before the METSS II project start date should be counted as part of the baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The targets set of FY2017 and FY2018 should identify the principal new and/or revised databases that the project hopes to develop.

## CHANGES TO INDICATOR

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Output Indicator 2.1.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 2.1. Increased availability and access to evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation.

Name of Indicator: 2.1.2. Number of GIS layers developed and available to clients.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the number of GIS layers produced from data obtained from various sources and shared with USAID|Ghana, other development actors, and/or the public. This includes: (1) those produced from data obtained in .shp files; (2) those obtained in other formats requiring conversion; and (3) those that needed digitizing.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: By category of GIS layer

Rationale or Justification for indicator (optional): Given the importance that the USAID|Ghana EG Office attaches to developing better spatial analysis of development information, it is important for METSS II to have solid systems for processing this information and to understand how its IPs and GoG partners are using this information.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: METSS II records.

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II will use Tool 4, Annex I to collect data from the responsible staff at METSS II.

Reporting Frequency: Annual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team

### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

### Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication component staff. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within every three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

Known Data Limitations: None

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

**Baseline Timeframe** (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2014. Any GIS layer developed and available to clients before the METSS II project start date should be counted as part of the baseline number.

Rationale for Targets (optional): The USAID|Ghana EG Office works with METSS II to develop soft targets for the GIS systems for each year to be included in the DIP. These targets will be reviewed and set annually by the USAIDIGhana EG Office.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

### **USAID Performance Indicator Reference Sheet (Outcome Indicator 2.2)**

Name of Result Measured: Sub-IR 2.2. Strengthened capacity of GoG MDAs to use evidence-based data, information, and knowledge for more effective policy and programmatic contributions to the achievement of USAID|Ghana DO2 and GoG goals.

Name of Indicator: 2.2. Number of USAID|Ghana EG GoG partners that report using the METSS II research papers, policy papers, and/or analytical studies to support policy and project planning.

Reporting Year(s)

### DESCRIPTION

**Precise Definition(s):** This measures the extent to which USAID|Ghana EG GoG partners report using the three categories of reports supported by METSS II—research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies—to inform their policy decision making and project design and planning.

(1) A <u>research paper</u> is a report on a thematic issue or project with the following elements: purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis, methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations. (2) A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging, or anticipated issue with the principal aim being to inform decision making. (3) An <u>analytical study</u> provides support to the development of policy.

Unit of Measure: Number

Disaggregated by: Type of paper or study and by category of partner (IP, GoG Partner)

Rationale or Justification for Indicator (optional): Having access to evidence-based data and information is a precursor to effective policy-making. The indicator will measure the number of GoG partners that not only have access to evidence-based data and information, but are effectively utilizing them in their decision-making.

### PLAN FOR DATA COLLECTION BY USAID

Data Source: METSS II records.

**Method of Data Collection and Construction:** METSS II staff will use Tool 5, Annex I to collect data from USAID|Ghana EG Office partners.

Reporting Frequency: Semiannual

Individual(s) Responsible at METSS II: The METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication team assigned to track this indicator.

### **DATA QUALITY ISSUES**

Dates of Previous DQAs and Name of Reviewer: N/A

**Date of Future DQAs** (optional): Internal assessments done as part of routine internal DQAs of the METSS II MIS by the METSS II Knowledge Management, Learning, and Communication component staff. External DQAs will be done by USAID|Ghana at least once a year, or within three years from the last date of the previous DQA.

**Known Data Limitations:** There is a temptation for IPs and EG partners to overestimate their use of METSS II-generated knowledge, data, and information for use in policy strategic planning and project design and implementation. To address this limitation, the METSS II M&E staff will require documentation of use and note the documentation in the reporting system.

### **TARGETS AND BASELINE**

Baseline Timeframe (optional): Baseline year for this indicator is FY2016...

Rationale for Targets (optional): METSS II will establish targets on an annual basis considering the number of research and policy papers targeted to be executed in each FY.

### **CHANGES TO INDICATOR**

Changes to Indicator:

Other Notes (optional):

METSS II Performance Indicators Tracking Table—FY2014-FY2018 5.0.

Proposed IRs, Sub-IRs, and	Reporting	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2	2017	FY	2018	Life of
Performance Indicators (x.x.x=Output Indicators)	Frequency	Actual <sup>18</sup>	Actual <sup>19</sup>	Actual <sup>20</sup>	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Activity Target
IR 1: Performance management of US							ments.		
Sub-IR 1.1: Improved M&E plans dev		ID∣Ghana EG	partners m	eet USAID N	1&E requii	rements.			
Outcome Indicator 1.1: Number of USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	Semiannual								
1.1.1. Number of new USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	Semiannual								
1.1.2. Number of existing USAID Ghana EG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans.	Semiannual								
Sub-IR 1.2: Improved confidence in a	nd quality of th	e USAID Gha	ana EG part	ners' perfori	mance dat	a and info	rmation.		
Outcome Indicator 1.2: Percentage of USAID Ghana EG Office standard indicators for which all IPs have had a DQA.	Semiannual								
1.2.1. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners' staff trained in M&E techniques.	Semiannual								
1.2.2. Number (and percentage) of USAID Ghana EG partners using documented M&E techniques, tools, protocols, and guidelines.	Semiannual								
1.2.3. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners oriented and trained in the utilization of the FTFMS and AT+.	Semiannual								
1.2.4. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners that have completed and documented DQAs for all of their indicators.	Semiannual								

Retroactive calculations to be conducted as feasible with existing data.

Retroactive calculations to be conducted as feasible with existing data.

Retroactive calculations to be conducted as feasible with existing data.

			•		1			,	
1.2.5. Percentage of USAID Ghana	Semiannual								
EG partners' results validated by									
METSS II.									
Sub-IR 1.3: Increased capacity of US	AID Ghana's EC	G Office to co	onduct surve	eys, analytic	al studies	, and proj	iect evalua	ations.	
Outcome Indicator 1.3: Number of	Semiannual								
research papers, policy papers, and									
analytical studies conducted with									
assistance from METSS II.									
1.3.1. Number of PBSs completed	Semiannual								
directly or with assistance from									
METSS II.									
1.3.2. Number of USAID Ghana EG	Semiannual								
project performance evaluations and									
assessments conducted with support									
from METSS II.									
IR 2: Increased knowledge, data, and	information for	use in polic	cy, strategic	planning, pr	oject desi	gn, and i	mplement	ation.	
Sub-IR 2.1: Increased availability and	access of evid	ence-based	data, inform	ation, and k	nowledge	to suppo	rt better p	olicy and	project
design and implementation.			ŕ				•	•	
Outcome Indicator 2.1: Percentage	Mid-Year								
of USAID Ghana EG staff, IP staff,	Year 5								
and GoG partner staff that use online	(FY2018)								
library, database, and analytics	only								
developed by METSS II.									
2.1.1. Number of databases	Semiannual								
developed and in use.									
2.1.2. Number of GIS layers	Annual								
developed and available to clients.									
Sub-IR 2.2: Strengthened capacity of	GoG MDAs to	use evidence	e-based data	, information	n, and kno	wledge f	or more e	ffective po	licy and
programmatic contributions to the ac	chievement of U	SAID Ghana	a DO2 and G	oG goals				•	-
Outcome Indicator 2.2: Number of	Semiannual								
USAID Ghana EG GoG partners that									
report using the METSS II research									
papers, policy papers, and/or									
analytical studies to support policy									
and project planning.									

Source: Meetings with METSS II component staff, August 17-September 1, 2016. Updated December 10, 2016. \*=Retroactive calculations to be conducted as feasible with existing data.

## 6.0. <u>Draft Reporting Template (Semiannual Report)</u>

Cover Page

**Executive Summary** 

List of Abbreviations

### 1.0. METSS II Overview

## 2.0. IR1: Performance management of USAID|Ghana EG-funded projects increased to meet USAID M&E requirements.

Description of expected outcomes of the activities under IR1.

## 2.1. Sub-IR 1.1: Improved M&E plans developed by USAID|Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.

## 2.1.1. Evolution of Project Outputs

- What has been the overall progress toward executing the key outputs identified in the tracking table (output indicators) since 2014? This could be summarized in a small table.
- How have these outputs advanced during the current reporting period?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or life of activity [LOA] results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period?
   Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

## 2.1.2. Progress Toward Principal Outcomes

Description of the expected outcomes of the activities under this Sub-IR, including the outcome indicator.

- What has been the <u>overall progress</u> toward executing the outcome identified in the tracking table since 2014?
- What progress (against targets) has been made in the current fiscal year? What
  progress has been expected in the current fiscal year? How likely is the project
  to achieve its LOA targets for this indicator?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

### 2.1.3. Identified Needs for the Next Six Months

Based on this analysis, what are identified needs for the next six months and what are their expected impacts on the projected outcome and/or LOA target for the outcome indicator for particular categories of client (e.g., USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners)?

## 2.2. Sub-IR 1.2: Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID|Ghana EG partners' performance data and information.

## 2.2.1. Evolution of Project Outputs

- What has been the overall progress toward executing the key outputs identified in the tracking table (output indicators) since 2014? This could be summarized in a small table.
- How have these outputs advanced during the current reporting period?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

## 2.2.2. Progress Toward Principal Outcomes

Description of the expected outcomes of the activities under this Sub-IR, including the outcome indicator.

- What has been the <u>overall progress</u> toward executing the outcome identified in the tracking table since 2014?
- What progress (against targets) has been made in the current fiscal year? What progress has been expected in the current fiscal year? How likely is the project to achieve its LOA targets for this indicator?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

### 2.2.3. Identified Needs for the Next Six Months

Based on this analysis, what are identified needs for the next six months and what are their expected impacts on the projected outcome and/or LOA target for the outcome indicator for particular categories of client (e.g., USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners)?

## 2.3. Sub-IR 1.3: Increased capacity of USAID|Ghana's EG Office to conduct surveys, analytical studies, and project evaluations.

## 2.3.1. Evolution of Project Outputs

- What has been the overall progress toward executing the key outputs identified in the tracking table (output indicators) since 2014? This could be summarized in a small table.
- How have these outputs advanced during the current reporting period?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

## 2.3.2. Progress Toward Principal Outcomes

Description of the expected outcomes of the activities under this Sub-IR, including the outcome indicator.

- What has been the <u>overall progress</u> toward executing the outcome identified in the tracking table since 2014?
- What progress (against targets) has been made in the current fiscal year? What
  progress has been expected in the current fiscal year? How likely is the project
  to achieve its LOA targets for this indicator?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

### 2.3.3. Identified Needs for the Next Six Months

Based on this analysis, what are identified needs for the next six months and what are their expected impacts on the projected outcome and/or LOA target for the outcome indicator for particular categories of client (e.g., USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners)?

## 3.0. IR2: Increased knowledge, data, and information for use in policy, strategic planning, project design, and implementation.

Description of the principal objectives and expected results of the activities under this IR and the structure of the METSS II staff that support these activities, including embedded advisors in MDAs and joint programs like Power Africa and Trade Africa.

# 3.1. Sub-IR 2.1: Increased availability and access to evidence-based data, information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and implementation.

## 3.1.1. Evolution of Project Outputs

 What has been the overall progress toward executing the key outputs identified in the tracking table (output indicators) since 2014? This could be summarized in a small table.

- How have these outputs advanced during the current reporting period?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

## 3.1.2. Progress Toward Principal Outcomes

Description of the expected outcomes of the activities under this Sub-IR, including the outcome indicator.

- What has been the <u>overall progress</u> toward executing the outcome identified in the tracking table since 2014?
- What progress (against targets) has been made in the current fiscal year? What
  progress has been expected in the current fiscal year? How likely is the project
  to achieve its LOA targets for this indicator?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

### 3.1.3. Identified Needs for the Next Six Months

Based on this analysis, what are identified needs for the next six months and what are their expected impacts on the projected outcome and/or LOA target for the outcome indicator for particular categories of client (e.g., USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners)?

3.2. Sub-IR 2.2: Strengthened capacity of GoG MDAs to use evidence-based data, information, and knowledge for more effective policy and programmatic contributions to the achievement of USAID|Ghana DO2 and GoG goals.

## 3.2.1. Evolution of Project Outputs

- What has been the overall progress toward executing the key outputs identified in the tracking table (output indicators) since 2014? This could be summarized in a small table.
- How have these outputs advanced during the current reporting period?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period? Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

## 3.2.2. Progress Toward Principal Outcomes

Description of the expected outcomes of the activities under this Sub-IR, including the outcome indicator.

- What has been the <u>overall progress</u> toward executing the outcome identified in the tracking table since 2014?
- What progress (against targets) has been made in the current fiscal year? What
  progress has been expected in the current fiscal year? How likely is the project
  to achieve its LOA targets for this indicator?
- Has there been any major deviation (Note: A deviation occurs if an indicator annual and/or LOA results is + or -10% of the target)? If so, please explain why.
- What have been the major successes achieved during the reporting period?
   Lessons learned? Challenges encountered and how they have been resolved?

### 3.2.3. Identified Needs for the Next Six Months

Based on this analysis, what are identified needs for the next six months and what are their expected impacts on the projected outcome and/or LOA target for the outcome indicator for particular categories of client (e.g., USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners)?

## 4.0. Administration and Human Resource Issues

## 5.0. Priority Activities for the Next Phase

Short 1-2 page table by IR. Table should include a column for identified need, target for LOA, and target for next reporting period.

## 6.0. Updated Performance Indicator Tracking Table

## Annex I. Updated Summary of New Reports/Data Added to Ghanalinks.org

Short 1-2 page summary with weblink, including a snapshot of Google analytics for the whole Ghanalinks.org site.

## 7.0. Annex I. Data-Collection Tools

No.	IR	Sub-IR	Indicator Title	Data Collection Tool		
7.1.1.	ped	Sub-IR 1.1: Improved M&E plans	1.1. Number of USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	Tool 1, Annex I		
7.1.2.	-func	developed by USAID Ghana EG partners meet USAID M&E requirements.	1.1.1. Number of new USAID Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.	Tool 1, Annex I		
7.1.2.	a EG ents	meet OOAID MAL requirements.	<b>1.1.2.</b> Number of existing USAID Ghana EG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans.	Tool 1, Annex I		
7.2.1.	ahan. uirem		<b>1.2.</b> Percentage of USAID Ghana EG Office standard indicators for which all IPs have had a DQA.	Tool 2, Annex I		
7.2.2.	AIDIC Frequ		<b>1.2.1.</b> Number of USAID Ghana EG partners' staff trained in M&E techniques.	Tool 2, Annex I		
7.2.3.	of US,	Sub-IR 1.2: Improved confidence in and quality of the USAID Ghana EG partners'	<b>1.2.2.</b> Number (and percentage) of USAID Ghana EG partners using documented M&E techniques, tools, protocols, and guidelines.	Tool 2, Annex I		
7.2.3.	ment USAI	performance data and information.	<b>1.2.3.</b> Number of USAID Ghana EG partners oriented and trained in the utilization of the FTFMS and AT+.	Tool 2, Annex I		
7.2.4	nage neet		<b>1.2.4.</b> Number of USAID Ghana EG partners that have completed and documented DQAs for all of their indicators.			
7.2.5.	e mai		<b>1.2.5.</b> Percentage of USAID Ghana EG partners' reports validated by METSS II.			
7.3.1.	IR 1: Performance management of USAID Ghana EG-funded projects increased to meet USAID M&E requirements.	Sub-IR 1.3: Increased capacity of	1.3. Number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies conducted with assistance from METSS II.	Tool 3, Annex I		
7.3.2.	Perfo	USAID Ghana's EG Office to conduct surveys, analytical studies, and project	<b>1.3.1.</b> Number of PBSs completed directly or with assistance from METSS II.	Tool 3, Annex I		
7.3.3.	<b>IR 1</b> : l projec	evaluations.	<b>1.3.2</b> . Number of USAID Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments conducted with support from METSS II.	Tool 3, Annex I		
7.4.1.	d n ining,	Sub-IR 2.1: Increased availability and access to evidence-based data,	2.1. Percentage of USAID Ghana EG staff, IP staff, and GoG partner staff that use online library, database, and analytics developed by METSS II.	Tool 4, Annex I		
7.4.2.	and e in lann	information, and knowledge to support better policy and project design and	2.1.1. Number of databases developed and in use.	Tool 4, Annex I		
7.4.3.	ed data, or us gic p n, ar on.	implementation.	<b>2.1.2.</b> Number of GIS layers developed and available to clients.	Tool 4, Annex I		
7.5.1.	IR 2. Increased knowledge, data, and information for use in policy, strategic planning, project design, and implementation.	Sub-IR 2.2. Strengthened capacity of GoG MDAs to use evidence-based data, information, and knowledge for more effective policy and programmatic contributions to the achievement of USAID Ghana DO2 and GoG goals.	<b>2.2.</b> Number of USAID Ghana EG GoG partners that report using the METSS II research papers, policy papers, and/or analytical studies to support policy and project planning.	Tool 5, Annex I		

### 7.1.1. Indicator Title: 1.1. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.<sup>21</sup>

Line A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy)

Line A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

			, , ,	C. Ranking by	variable \		D. Has IP or GoG
B.1. Name of IP/GoG partner	B.2. Type of partner <sup>22</sup>	C.1. Revision of original results framework <sup>23</sup>	C.2. Expansion of results framework into M&E plan <sup>24</sup>	C.3. Compliance with standard reporting protocols <sup>25</sup>	C.4. Degree to which data management and reporting platforms are linked to the USAID Ghana EG Office platform <sup>26</sup>	C.5. Sub-total for reporting period as a % of possible value (9 point maximum)	partner developed and/or revised their original M&E frameworks and expanded these frameworks into M&E plans (Yes/No)
			_	_			_

- Line E.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3: Is this figure approved by the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of USAID|Ghana IPs and GoG partners that have aligned their M&E framework—including results framework, reporting protocols, data management, and reporting platforms—to the EG Office M&E framework. IPs or GoG partners should be counted under this indicator when they have developed and/or revised their original M&E frameworks <u>and</u> expanded those frameworks into M&E plans (Column D).

The number to be reported in the tracking table is the number of IP and GoG partners that have developed and/or revised their original M&E frameworks and expanded these frameworks into M&E plans.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Rankings: 1 – IP; 2 – GoG partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Rankings: 0 – RF not revised yet; 1 – Started, but can't complete before year end; 2 – Started, near completion; 3 – completed (possible values 3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Rankings: 0 – Not started; 1 – At M&E plan drafting stage; 2 – Draft submitted for approval; 3- M&E plan received approval (possible values 3)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Rankings: 0 - No; 1 - Yes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Rankings: 0 – Not linked; 1 – Partially linked; 2 – Adequately linked.

### 7.1.2. Indicator Title:

- 1.1.1. Number of new USAID|Ghana EG partners with approved M&E plans.<sup>27</sup>
- 1.1.2. Number of existing USAID|Ghana EG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans.<sup>28</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy)

A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

<u> </u>		,,,		,,,,,			
					D. Rankings		
B.1. Name of EG Office partners	B.2. Type of partner <sup>29</sup>	C. Type of M&E plan? <sup>30</sup>	D.1. The IP developed an M&E plan? (Yes/No)	D.2. Is the M&E plan approved by the AOR/COR? (Yes/No)	D.3. Did the IP receive assistance to develop the M&E plan? (Yes/No)	D.4. Type of assistance received 31	D.5. Is this verified? (Yes/No)
_							
_							
·							

- Line E.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3: Is this figure approved by the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

The number reported in the tracking table is the number of IP and GoG partners with verified assistance (Column D.5).

The number reported in the tracking table is the number of IP and GoG partners with verified assistance (Column D.5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of <u>new</u> USAID|Ghana EG IPs, including GoG partners, that have received assistance from METSS II to develop their M&E plans, and whose M&E plans were approved by USAID|Ghana during the current reporting period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of existing USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners assisted in revising their M&E plans at the request of the USAID|Ghana EG Office or IP staff. This is usually due to a shift in guidance, a modification to their activities, or changes in the project-enabling environment due to external factors.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Rankings: 1 – IP; 2 – GoG partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Rankings: 1 – New; 2 – Existing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Rankings: 0-5 (to be defined).

7.2.1. Indicator Title: 1.2. Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG Office standard indicators for which all IPs have had a DQA.32

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy)

A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

DQA status	IPs responsible for reporting on standard indicators									
B.1. Name of IP (write out)	IP1	IP2	IP3	IP4	IP5	IP6	IP7	IP8	IP9	IP10
B.2. IP code number <sup>33</sup>										
C.1. USAID Ghana Standard DO2 Indicator (write out number)										
C.2. Standard indicator code number (code) <sup>34</sup>										
D. Date IP signed an agreement and started project implementation										
(dd/mm/yyyy)										
E. Date of the most recent DQA (dd/mm/yyyy)										
F. Was the worksheet submitted to METSS II? (Y/N)										
G. If IP project is new, no DQA (tentative date scheduled) (dd/mm/yyyy)										
H. Will project end before the next possible DQA? (Y/N)										

- Line I.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line I.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line I.3: Is this figure approved by the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the percentage of USAID|Ghana active EG Office standard indicators with completed DQAs, evident by a field report and completed mandatory DQA worksheet for each indicator covered.

DQAs should be conducted for each standard indicator at least 6 months after the indicator has become ACTIVE (i.e. the IP has signed an agreement and has started project implementation), and/or before the first annual report is made on the indicator in question. Each ACTIVE indicator should have a DQA done, with a DQA worksheet, at least once every 3 years in compliance with ADS 203.35.1 and other derivative directives from the ADS. The number reported in the tracking table is the percentage of indicators for the current fiscal year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Rankings: To be defined.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Rankings: To be defined.

7.2.2. Indicator Title: 1.2.1. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners' staff trained in M&E techniques. 35

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy)

A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

	pe of partner		C.	METSS I	l organized	l /sponso	red trainin	ı <b>g</b> <sup>36</sup>		D. T	otal trained	l (by
D. 1 y	be of partition	C.1. Train	ning Topic 1	C.2. Training Topic 2		C.3. Training Topic 3		C.4. Training Topic 4		gender)		
B.1. IP (Name)	B.2. IP or GoG partner <sup>37</sup>	1. Male	2. Female	1. Male	2. Female	1. Male	2. Female	1. Male	2. Female	1. Male	2. Female	3. Total
	-											

- Line E.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3: Is this figure approved by the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking? (Yes/No)

IF WE RETAIN THIS THEN 5-gOg Staff; 6-IP Cosultant; 7-IP Staff; 8=Other.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the count of individuals who have received training in a variety of M&E topics such as M&E framework/M&E plan design, developing performance indicators, PIRS, indicator data collection, data entry into FTFMS, AT+, indicator data verification, and DQA, among others. An individual will be counted if she/he has received training in any techniques, including M&E framework/M&E plan design.

The number reported is the total number of males and females trained (Column D.3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Training Topics: To be defined based on USAID|Ghana and METSS II tracking needs.

Rankings: 1 - IP; 2 - GoG partner.

### 7.2.3. Indicator Title:

- 1.2.2. Number (and percentage) of USAID|Ghana EG partners using documented M&E techniques, tools, protocols, and guidelines.<sup>38</sup>
- 1.2.3. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners oriented and trained in the utilization of the FTFMS and AT+.39

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy)

A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

A.1. Reporting period. (dd/min/yyyy) A.2. Reporting year. (dd/min/yyyy)											
D Link of			C.	Output Indicator 1.2.	2.			D. Outpu	it Indicator 1.2.3.		
B. List of IPs and		C. Documented	d M&E Techniques	s, Tools, Protocols, an	d Guidelines <sup>40</sup>		C.7. Indicator	D.1. Is the	D.2. Is the IP		
GoG partners for the fiscal year	C.1. PMP or M&E framework	M&E   follow   collection   verification   establishes   quality   strategy					ranking (If Yes to C.1, C.2 and C.3 rank Yes, else rank No)	IP linked to both FTFMS and AT+ <sup>41</sup>	uploading and downloading reports from both FTFMS and AT+? (Yes/No)		
IPs											
GoG Partners	S										

- Line E.1. Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2. Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3. Is this the figure approved by the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures number of USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have either designed, adapted, or documented the following as a result of METSS II assistance in six areas: (1): M&E plan (framework); (2): PIRS that followed the recommended formats as outlined in the M&E plan; (3): Data-collection instruments for indicators; (4): Data-verification procedures and SOPs; (5): Reporting formats and established reporting timelines; and (6): Data quality strategy/guidelines. IPs and GoG partners meeting the first three items on the above list of attributes shall be counted as meeting the requirements of the indicator.

The number reported in the tracking table means level 3 or higher on all three items (Column C.7).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of IP and GoG projects that have been linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are using the systems to enter, store, and process indicator data and generate indicator reports for semiannual and annual reporting to the USAID|Ghana EG Office. IPs that are only linked to the FTFMS and AT+ and are not producing indicator reports shall not be counted.

The number reported in the tracking table is a yes/no response in Column D.2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Rankings: 0 – Have not designed or adapted tool/protocol/guidelines; 1 – Tool/protocol/guideline developed, but not yet in use; 2 – Tool/protocol/guideline developed and in use; 3 – Tool/protocol/guideline revised and in use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Rankings: 0 – Not linked to either FTFMS or AT+; 1 – Linked to FTFMS only; 2 – Linked to only AT+; 3 – Linked to both FTFMS and AT+.

7.2.4. Indicator Title: 1.2.4. Number of USAID|Ghana EG partners that have completed and documented DQAs for all of their indicators.<sup>42</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

B. Name of EG Office DO2 Standard Indicator:

0.11		D. DQA informa	tion	E. DQ	A compliance	
C. List of IPs and GoG partners for the fiscal year	D.1. Has a DQA been conducted by or for the IP or GoG partner? (Yes/No)			E.1. METSS II verified? (Yes/No)	E.2. Does the DQA fall within the require timeframe of compliant DQAs? (Yes/No)	F. Compliance level for DQA? (Yes/No)

- Line F.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line F.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line F.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the aggregate number (and percentage) of USAID|Ghana EG IPs and GoG partners that have completed and documented the DQAs they are required to conduct as part of their M&E plans within a 3-year period.

The response (Yes/No) in Column F needs to be co-verified by the staff member responsible for data entry and reporting of this indicator and the METSS II M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations biannually. A "yes" in Column F means that the project is in compliance at this point in its project cycle. This calculation is based on the information in Columns D.1-3, E.1-2 and other records.

7.2.5. Indicator Title: 1.2.5. Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG partners' results validated by METSS II.43

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

D. Lint of ID.		C. Results	verification information		
B. List of IPs and GoG partners for the fiscal year	C.1. Have IP results been verified during this reporting period? (Yes/No)	C.2. Date of most recent results verification (dd/mm/yyyy)	C.3. Has the verification exercise been documented and on file with IP/GoG partner or METSS II?  (Yes/No)	C.4. Did the verification fall within the required timeframe of reporting period? (Yes/No)	D. Compliance level for results verification? <sup>44</sup> (Yes/No)
	_		_		

- Line E.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the percentage of the USAID|Ghana EG IP and GoG partner results (indicator data) reported that were validated by METSS II.

Verification activities will be undertaken in collaboration with the IP Projects AOR/CORs to check the consistency of results reported by the IP projects and what exist in the field. This calculation is based on the information in C.1-4 and other records.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> The response (Yes/No) in Column D needs to be verified by the by the staff member responsible for data entry and reporting for this indicator and the METSS II M&E component advisor semiannually.

7.3.1. Indicator Title: 1.3. Number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies conducted with assistance from METSS II.<sup>45</sup>

A1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

B. Indicator	C.	D. Publication	E. Auti	nor, year, titl	er	F. Status <sup>48</sup>	G. Comments		
category <sup>46</sup>	FY	category <sup>47</sup>	Author	Author Year Title Place of publication Publisher					

- Line H.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line H.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line H.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

The number reported in the tracking table is the total number of reports in each category.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies produced as a result of METSS II assistance.

<sup>(1)</sup> A <u>research paper</u> is report on a thematic issue or a project with the following elements: purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis, methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations. (2) A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging, or anticipated issue with the principal aim being to inform decision making. (3) An <u>analytical study</u> provides support to the development of policy. The goal of such studies is to guide USAID|Ghana, the GoG, USAID|Ghana EG partners, as well as other development partners working in the ZOI in making policy decisions and investments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Rankings: 1 – Research paper; 2 – Policy paper; 3 – Analytical study.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Note: It is important to develop a retroactive list since the start of METSS II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Rankings: 1 – Draft (being revised); 2 – Finalized (no longer under revision); 3 – Finalized and published.

7.3.2. Indicator Title: 1.3.1. Number of PBSs completed directly or with assistance from METSS II.<sup>49</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

	C. Name of PB	S <sup>50</sup>		D. Status	
B. FY	C.1. Write out name of survey	C.2. Code	D.1. Ranking <sup>51</sup>	D.2. Verified (Yes/No)	E. Comments (write out)

- Line F.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line F.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line F.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

A more fine-tuned analysis of where the survey stands in terms of execution, dissemination, and data-set management can be conducted using the same tool and reported in the text of the semiannual reports. The number reported in the tracking table is whether a survey exists (Yes/No). A "yes" means that the survey is in process (i.e. ranked level 1-7 in Column D.1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures whether a survey was conducted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Rankings: Each survey (past, present, and future) will have a distinct code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Rankings: 1 – Designing the survey; 2 – Training enumerators; 3 – Administration of the survey; 4 – Preparation of the report; 5 – Revision of the report; 6 – Preparing the dissemination plan for the report; 7 – Data-set management.

**7.3.3.** Indicator Title: 1.3.2. Number of USAID|Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments conducted with support from METSS II.<sup>52</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

	C.1.			evaluation	. (	E. Type of As	sistance	
B. FY	Client (write out)	C.2. Client category <sup>53</sup>	D.1. Write out here	D.2. Code <sup>54</sup>	E.1. Survey design and execution? (Yes/No)	E.2. Dissemination assistance (Yes/No)	E.3. Dataset management (Yes/No)	F. Comments (write out)

- Line G.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line G.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line G.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

Performance evaluations can be either mid-term evaluations or end final evaluations. Usually, these evaluations are conducted by either a consulting firm or group of individual experts identified and grouped for the purpose of executing the evaluations. Baseline surveys should not be counted as part of the indicator. Other research that does not assess the performance of project activities should not be included in this indicator. The number reported is the number of evaluations conducted by category of client (i.e. IP vs. GoG partner).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of USAID|Ghana EG project performance evaluations and assessments that METSS II has conducted or supported.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Rankings: 1 – IP Partner; 2 – GoG partner.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Rankings: 1 – Midterm performance evaluation; 2 – Final or end of term performance evaluation; 3 – Impact Assessment.

**7.4.1. Indicator Title: 2.1.** Percentage of USAID|Ghana EG staff, IP staff, and GoG partner staff that use online library, database, and analytics developed and/or promoted by METSS II.<sup>55</sup>

Instructions: Rank each variable for each component on a scale of 0-5. If a component only has one variable (such as Component 1) then put the ranking on that line. Once all of the variables for the component are ranked, the database management software will calculate the weighted average for that component for base 10. This means that if the IP or EG staff's use of the portal (Component 1) is ranked as "average" in 2017 (Year 4 of the METSS II project), it will be noted as a 3 in Column B, which means a score of 3 out of 5 possible points. This score translates into a score of 6/10 points on base 10. This conversion to base 10 allows the METSS II team or the GoG team that may be tasked with sustaining certain elements of the system to add (or subtract) other variables to the ranking as the knowledge management, learning, and communication system continues to evolve after the current project ends.

Name of IP or GoG Partner Organization or EG Staff member completing form (write out):

Project ID: Partner Category:	56	
A. Indicators	component and cor	ase 10) for each sub- mponent assessed, nd adjusted scores
	B. FY2017	C. FY2018
<b>Component 1.</b> Poverty and nutrition dashboards <sup>57</sup>		
<b>Component 2.</b> Databases relevant to USAID  Ghana EG joint initiatives with the GoG <sup>58</sup>		

The number to be reported in the tracking table is the average/mean and median of IP and GoG partner and EG staff values. Each IP and GoG partner value is a % of possible values. The EG staff values are based on a group response at the time of data collection. The average/mean and median value that are reported in the tracking table for each category of staff (IP, GoG partner, EG) are based on these values. <sup>56</sup> IPs, GoG partners, and EG staff. 1-IP; 2-GoG Partner; 3-USAID|EG Office

## <sup>57</sup> Rankings Dashboards:

- 0 No knowledge
- 1 Aware but have not used
- 2 Aware and have accessed but have not done analyses
- 3 Have used the dashboard
- 4 Have used the tool/dashboard to obtain information for the project
- 5 Have used the tool/dashboard to obtain information for the project and this information has informed decision making (e.g. helped the agency shift the focus of existing programs, develop new proposals, and/or affect policy issues in discussions with policy makers) and increased project efficiency and/or impact
- <sup>58</sup> Rankings Databases: (grants and energy)
- 0 No knowledge
- 1 Aware but have not used
- 2 Aware and have accessed but have not done analyses
- 3 Have used the database to generate data

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the current level of use of the Ghanalinks.org online resources such as library, analytical database, mapping tool, online discussion forum, and other resources developed by METSS II in support of the functions of the USAID|Ghana IPs, GoG partners, and EG staff. The other resources include the analytics that can be obtained by querying the aWhere database. A staff person should be counted only when he or she has used at least two of the Ghanalinks.org resources, and for more than one occasion.

A. Indicators	Weighted average (base 10) for each sub- component and component assessed, total unadjusted and adjusted scores			
	B. FY2017	C. FY2018		
2.1. Grants (scheduled 1st quarter FY2017)				
2.2. Energy database (scheduled FY2017)				
Component (all) (will be calculated automatically				
based on 2.1 and 2.2)				
Component 3. Electronic library <sup>59</sup>				
Component 4. Calendar <sup>60</sup>				
Component 5. Online partner forum 61				
Component 6. FTF Activity Map <sup>62</sup>				

<sup>4 –</sup> Have used the database to obtain information for the project that the project has used

## <sup>59</sup> Rankings Electronic Library:

- 0 No knowledge (never used the library or used the site and have never downloaded)
- 1 Aware but have not used (know how to download but have not contributed a document)
- 2 Aware and have accessed but have not done analyses (know how to download and have contributed an article or a resource to the electronic library)
- 3 Have used the electronic library (know how to upload and download documents on their own and have contributed a document)
- 4 Have used the electronic library to obtain information for the project and know how to conduct searches
- 5 Have used the electronic library to obtain information for the project and this information has informed decision making (e.g. helped the agency shift the focus of existing programs, develop new proposals, and/or affect policy issues in discussions with policy makers)

### <sup>60</sup> Rankings Electronic Calendar:

- 0 No knowledge
- 1 Aware but have not used
- 2 Aware and send information for posting but not aware how to do on their own
- 3 Use the system and update information regularly on events
- 4 Use the system, update information regularly, and use the tool for better planning and coordination with other GoG and USAID|Ghana EG partners working on DO2 activities
- 5 Active use of the calendar has helped improve coordination and project efficiency and impact

## <sup>61</sup> Rankings Online Forum:

- 0 No knowledge or participation in the online forum
- 1 Aware of forum but have not participated, or only one person has participated
- 2 At least two persons have participated at least once but not regularly
- 3 At least two persons participate regularly
- 4 At least five persons from the IP or EG staff have participated in the forum and have learned something new that they have applied to the project
- 5 At least five persons from the IP or EG staff have participated in the forum, have learned something new they have applied to the project, and project efficiency or impact has improved because of that <sup>62</sup> Ranking FTF Activity Map:
- 0 Unaware of activity map
- 1 Low Use: Aware of activity map but do not use
- 2 Basic Use: Aware of activity map but do not use it much other than for viewing purposes
- 3 Mid-Level Use: Aware of activity map and knows way around tools that have been served on the platform. This means being able to display each layer, view tables, perform simple queries, export data and print
- 4 Super Use: Knows how to do basic analysis with the tools that have been served. This means being able to display specific layers, view tables, perform queries in separate layers and overlay them to answer real life problems, export data and print. (saaka you might chck with Jennifer she did away aith lev! 5)

<sup>5 –</sup> Same as 4 and this information has improved project efficiency and/or impact

A. Indicators	Weighted average (base 10) for each sub- component and component assessed, total unadjusted and adjusted scores			
	B. FY2017	C. FY2018		
<b>Component 7.</b> Development Partners Map <sup>63</sup>				
<b>Component 8.</b> Specialized Maps <sup>64</sup>				
Component 9. Info-graphics <sup>65</sup>				
<b>Component 10.</b> Other partner tools and resources posted to the portal <sup>66</sup>				
Component 11. Enhancement of writing skills <sup>67</sup>				

### <sup>63</sup> Development Partners Map:

- 0 Unaware of activity map
- 1 Low Use: Aware of activity map but do not use
- 2 Basic Use: Aware of activity map but do not use it much other than for viewing purposes
- 3 Mid-Level Use: Aware of activity map and knows way around tools that have been served on the platform. This means being able to display each layer, view tables, perform simple queries, export data and print
- 4 Super Use: Knows how to do basic analysis with the tools that have been served. This means being able to display specific layers, view tables, perform queries in separate layers and overlay them to answer real life problems, export data and print.
- <sup>64</sup> Rankings Specialized Maps: Indicates whether the IP, GoG partner or USAIDIGhana staff/people have requested assistance with developing specialized maps other than the FTF and DP.
- 0 No knowledge that GIS support service is available at METSS
- 1 Aware of the availability of GIS support service at METSS but not used it (i.e. not requested support)
- 2 Aware of the availability of GIS support service at METSS and use it (i.e. requested support)
- 3 Able to create online maps and applications with support from METSS
- 4 Able to create online maps and applications with little or no support from METSS

## <sup>65</sup> Rankings InfoGraphics: (SAAKA ARE THESE THE RIGHT ONES OR SHOULD IT BE MORE GENERAL DOCUMENT ENHANCEMENT?)

- 0 Unaware of InfoGraphics
- 1 Aware but unable to create graphics
- 2 Able to create simple graphics
- 3 Able to create simple graphics that have been used in IP or EG staff reports, presentations, or publications for USAID|Ghana or other stakeholders in the project
- 4 Able to create more complex graphics that have been used in presentations or publications
- 5 Able to create more complex graphics and to train other sub-partners in the project

## <sup>66</sup> Rankings Other Partner Tools and Resources Posted to the Portal:

- 0 No knowledge or participation in other partner tools function on the portal
- 1 Aware of other tools function but have not accessed it
- 2 Aware of other tools function and have accessed it
- 3 Agency has posted a tool on the portal and accessed other tools posted there
- 4 Agency has posted tools and received tools and is using some of this information in its project
- 5 Inter-agency exchange of tools and resources through the portal has increased the efficiency and impact of the project and coordination with other partners on key areas

## <sup>67</sup> Rankings Writing Workshops: (SAAKA REVIEW -ARE THESE THE RIGHT CODES? NOT ABOUT WORKSHOP)

- 0 Reports no knowledge of or participation in the online forum
- 1 Reports are written locally, but staff are not aware of expectations for format, table of contents, language, or writing to indicator

A. Indicators	component and co	ase 10) for each sub- mponent assessed, nd adjusted scores
	B. FY2017	C. FY2018
Total unadjusted score by variable (max 110 points) <sup>68</sup>		
Adjusted score (base 100 points)69		

\_

<sup>2 –</sup> Staff are aware of expectations, but limited local capacity within the program to write the reports, so heavily dependent on headquarters office.

<sup>3 –</sup> Average Capacity: Quality of reports meets USAID|Ghana EG quality standards after extensive editing by the IP headquarters and others

<sup>4 –</sup> Superior Capacity: Staff are able to write reports that meet USAID|Ghana EG quality standards for them and their sub-partners with limited editorial support from their headquarters offices

<sup>5-</sup>Excellent Capacity: Quality of reports meets USAID|Ghana EG quality standards with minimal revisions and no revisions are requested by USAID|Ghana

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> This score will be calculated automatically by the database. It represents the total of all the base 10 figures for the 13 variables.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> This score will be calculated automatically by the database. It will adjust the total score to a base of 100%. This means that a total unadjusted score of 100 points out of a total of 110 points represents a score of 76 (base 100) or 76% of the possible total. This adjustment is done to allow components and variables to be adjusted over the next two years.

7.4.2. Indicator Title: 2.1.1. Number of databases developed and in use. 70

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

B. FY	C. Name of database	)	D. Level of system functioning	
Б. ГТ	C.1. Name of database (write out)	C.2. Code <sup>71</sup>	D.1. Describe the level of functioning (write out)	D.2. Code <sup>72</sup>

- Line E.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line E.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line E.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

Examples of a database could be Ghanalinks.org, PBS analytics database, the DP database, the APS, the poultry database (once created), and METSS II PMMP database (once created). Databases developed/created by METSS II for IP projects to use to manage their indicator data should be included in this indicator.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of databases in use by METSS, the EG Office, and its partners such as the IP projects, the GoG partners, and other DPs collaborating with USAID|Ghana.

The number reported in the tracking table is the number of databases ranked as "functional" (i.e. level 2 or more in ranking).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Rankings: 1 – Grants (scheduled 1st quarter FY2017); 2 – Energy database (scheduled FY2017); 3 – METSS II PMMP database

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Rankings: More precise definitions of what constitutes rankings 1-5 will be added. 0 – Not functioning; 1 – Designed but not functioning; 2 – Designed and being pilot tested but not up for public use; 3 – Newly functioning; 4 – Functioning and being used by a small number of partners; 5 – Functioning at a high level and being used by all partners.

7.4.3. Indicator Title: 2.1.2. Number of GIS layers developed and available to clients.<sup>73</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

	C. GIS layers								
	C.1. Description of the GIS layers	C.2.	C.3. METSS II						
B. FY	Write out here	Code <sup>76</sup>	Availability of the GIS layers <sup>74</sup>	verification (Yes/No) <sup>75</sup>					

- Line D.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line D.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line D.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the number of GIS layers produced from data obtained from various sources and shared with USAID|Ghana, other development actors, and/or the public. This includes: (1) those produced from data obtained in .shp files; (2) those obtained in other formats requiring conversion; and (3) those that needed digitizing.

The number reported in the tracking table is a Yes/No in Column C.3 (i.e. Level 3 or more in Column C.2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Rankings: 1 – Planned; 2 – In early stages; 3 – Exists and being refined; 4 – Exists and being pilot tested on limited in-house use; 5 – Fully rolled out.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> Yes=Level 3-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Exhaustive list of all GIS layers to be developed.

**7.5.1. Indicator Title: 2.2.** Number of USAID|Ghana EG GoG partners that report using the METSS II research papers, policy papers, and/or analytical studies to support policy and project planning.<sup>77</sup>

A.1: Reporting period: (dd/mm/yyyy) A.2: Reporting year: (dd/mm/yyyy)

B. EG Office	B. EG Office partner		D. Author, year, title, publication: publ		E. Does the GoG partner re	F. Use	
B.1. Write	B.2. Code <sup>78</sup>	C. FY	D.1. Write	D.2. Code <sup>79</sup>	E.1. How does the GoG partner report using it? Be specific.	E.2. Code <sup>80</sup>	verification? (Yes/No)

- Line G.1: Is this the initial team ranking? (Yes/No)
- Line G.2: Is this DQA internal or external? (Internal/External)
- Line G.3: Is this the figure approved by the M&E component advisor and/or the Director of Operations for entry into the tracking table? (Yes/No)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> **Indicator Definition:** This measures the extent to which USAID|Ghana EG GoG partners report using the three categories of reports supported by METSS II—research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies—to inform their policy decision making and project design and planning. (1) A <u>research paper</u> is a report on a thematic issue or a project with the following elements: the purpose, scope, objectives, hypothesis methodology, findings, limitations, and recommendations. (2) A <u>policy paper</u> presents a set of ideas on a current, emerging or anticipated issue with the principal aim being to inform decision making. (3) An <u>analytical study</u> provides support to the development of policy. The number reported in the tracking table is the number of GoG partners with verified reports (column F).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>78</sup> Use METSS II master list of EG Office partners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> B.1. and B.2. should cross reference to the documents and codes identified for **Outcome Indicator 1.3.** Number of research papers, policy papers, and analytical studies conducted with assistance from METSS II.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> Rankings: 1 – In a regional/district-level speech; 2 – In a national-level speech; 3 – To justify a proposal for a new program; 4 – In a newspaper/radio interview; 5 – To justify a change in national-level policy; 6-10 – TBD.

## 8.0. Annex II. METSS II DQA Checklist by Indicator

Project/Activity Name:	
Title of Performance	
Indicator:	
Result This Indicator	
Measures:	
Data Source:	
Period For Which the	
Data Are Being	
Reported:	
Data Quality	
Assessment	
Methodology:	
Date of Assessment:	
Assessment Conducted	
By:	

Category	Yes	No	Not Applicable/ Insufficient Information	Comments
A. Validity				
A.1. Does the indicator reflect the intended results of the activity—i.e. is it a useful indicator for activity management?				
A.2. Do the data being collected and reported match the intent or language of the indicator?				
A.3. Are the data-collection methods appropriate to produce good data?				
A.4. Are the data-collection procedures and/or sources relatively free of bias?				
A.5. Are the people collecting the data qualified and/or adequately experienced?				
A.6. Are the people collecting the data properly supervised?				
B. Reliability	ı	ı		
B.1. Are the definitions and procedures for data collection, calculation, and reporting clear and well understood by all relevant staff?				
B.2. Do the definitions and procedures for collecting and				

Category	Yes	No	Not Applicable/	Comments
Cutogoly		110	Insufficient Information	- Commonto
calculating the data match				
the mission PIRS if				
applicable?				
B.3. If not, please describe the differences.				
B.4. Are data collection and				
analysis methods				
documented in writing in a				
PIRS or another form?				
B.5. Is a consistent data				
collection process used from				
year to year (describe any				
changes/differences				
observed if different from				
year to year)?				
(a) In all IPs?				
(b) In all GoG partners?				
(c) For all the mission PMP				
indicators?				
B.6. Are there procedures in				
place for periodic review of data collection, maintenance,				
and processing that can				
detect data-quality issues?				
B.7. Has one of the IPs/GoG				
partners/METSS II staff				
identified significant data				
quality limitations in the				
past?				
B.8. Were these				
communicated to				
USAID Ghana? To METSS				
II? If yes, describe how.				
B.9. Have these data-quality				
limitations been addressed				
by the IP/GoG partner? If yes, explain how?				
B.10. Has the partner				
identified significant data				
quality limitations in current				
data? If yes, please				
describe.				
B.11. Are these limitations				
described in the indicator				
PIRS or written data				
collection and analysis				
procedures? If yes, please				
describe.				
B.12. Are these limitations				
described in reporting to				

USAID(Ghana? If yes, please describe.  C. Timeliness  C. 1. Are the data for this indicator reported to USAID(Ghana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required?  C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D. 1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication on duplication on duplication been shared with USAID(Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there is an unacceptable duplication on indicator? Describe why or why only only only only only only only onl	Category	Yes	No	Not Applicable/	Comments
please describe. C. Timeliness C. 1. Are the data for this indicator reported to USAID(Ghana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C. 2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity managemen? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision D. 1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D. 2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D. 3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D. 4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, as information on duplication been shared with USAID(Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D. 5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe. D. 6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D. 7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D. 7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D. 8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D. 8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?	Category	163	140	Insufficient Information	Comments
C.1. Are the data for this indicator reported to USAIDIGhana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed? D. Precision D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is the indicator of data, is the indicator of data, is the sension of data, and the sension of data, is the indicator? Describe why or why not. D.5. Is there are missing data; if the sension data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable and unacceptable amount of missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are manunt of missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are manunt of missing data is the section?					
C.1. Are the data for this indicator reported to USAID[Ghana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplications of data, is the is information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D.5. Is there are missing data; if the level acceptable duplication of data, is this indicator? Describe how. D.5. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, as information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D.5. Is there are missing data; if yes, please describe. D.6. If there are missing data, is this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?					
indicator reported to USAID Ghana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe. D.6. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data; is this identified in the PIRS under data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?					
USAID[Ghana by the method (i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe. D.6. If there are missing data; is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe how. D.7. If there is an unacceptable data is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
(i.e. semiannual report, quarterly report) and frequency required? C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplications or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplications or another section?  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data, is the level of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.5. Is there are missing data? If yes, please describe. D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are					
quarterly report) and frequency required?  C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is not identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe.  D.6. If there are missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.7. If there is a method for detecting missing data; is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?					
frequency required?  C.2. Is this format and schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID(Bahana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data? If yes, please describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable duplication been shared with USAID(Bahana? With the METSS III administration? Describe how.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable do the indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
schedule appropriate for projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe. D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how. D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe. D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not. D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are macceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section? D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
projects/activity management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?	C.2. Is this format and				
management? If no, describe how it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration?  Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations? Describe amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?	schedule appropriate for				
now it could be changed?  D. Precision  D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there is an unacceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable didata, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.1. Is there a method for detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are					
detecting duplicate data? If yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
yes, please describe.  D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is the level acceptable amount of missing data is the level acceptable amounts of					
D.2. If there is a duplication of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
of data, is the level of duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration?  Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
duplication acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with  USAID Ghana? With the  METSS II administration?  Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAIDIGhana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
or why not.  D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of	this indicator? Describe why				
D.3. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID[Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
duplication of data, is it identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAIDIGhana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAIDIGhana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
data limitations or another section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
section?  D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration?  Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.4. If there is unacceptable duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
duplication of data, has information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
information on duplication been shared with USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
USAID Ghana? With the METSS II administration? Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
METSS II administration?  Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of	been shared with				
Describe how.  D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.5. Is there a method for detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
detecting missing data? If yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
yes, please describe.  D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.6. If there are missing data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
data, is the level acceptable for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
for this indicator? Describe why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
why or why not.  D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.7. If there is an unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
unacceptable amount of missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
missing data, is this identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
identified in the PIRS under data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
data limitations or another section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
section?  D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
D.8. If there are unacceptable amounts of					
unacceptable amounts of					
	missing data, has				

Category	Yes	No	Not Applicable/ Insufficient Information	Comments
information on missing data been shared with USAID Ghana? Describe how.				
D.9. Are the reported data disaggregated according to USAID guidance?				
E. Integrity	T	T		
E.1. Are there procedures in place to check for transcription errors at all				
levels of the data collection and reporting system?				
E.2. Are there proper safeguards in place to prevent unauthorized analysis of data and subsequent reporting?				
E.3. Are there safeguards in place to ensure that all relevant tools, tracking sheets, and data are backed up and protected from data loss?				