

6) ^{Homework 15} $y = \sqrt{x-4}$ 5 to 5.2

$$dy = \frac{1}{2}(x-4)^{-\frac{1}{2}} dx$$
$$dy = \frac{1}{2}(5-4)^{-\frac{1}{2}}(0.2)$$
$$dy = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1(0.2)$$
$$dy = 0.1$$

$$dy \quad \Delta y$$

$$\Delta y = f(5.2) - f(5)$$
$$\Delta y = \sqrt{5.2-4} - \sqrt{5-4}$$
$$\Delta y = \sqrt{1.2} - \sqrt{1}$$
$$\Delta y = \sqrt{1.2} - 1$$

7) $f(x) = \sqrt{x+3}$ L.A. @ $a=22$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x+3)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$f'(22) = \frac{1}{2}(22+3)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}(25)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$f(22) = \sqrt{22+3} = 5$$

$$L(x) = f'(22)(x-22) + f(22)$$

$$L(x) \approx \frac{1}{10}(x-22) + 5$$

$$\sqrt{24.9} = \sqrt{x+3}$$
$$24.9 = x+3$$
$$x = 21.9$$

$$L(21.9) = \frac{1}{10}(21.9-22) + 5$$

$$L(21.9) = \frac{1}{10}(-0.1) + 5$$

$$L(21.9) = -0.01 + 5 = 4.99$$

$$\sqrt{25.01} = \sqrt{x+3}$$
$$25.01 = x+3$$
$$x = 22.01$$

$$L(22.01) = \frac{1}{10}(22.01-22) + 5$$

$$L(22.01) = \frac{1}{10}(0.01) + 5$$

$$= 0.001 + 5$$

$$= 5.001$$

$$3) y = 4x^2$$

-1 to -0.1

$$dy = f'(x) dx$$

$$dy = 8x dx$$

$$dy = 8(-1)(-0.1)$$

$$dy = -8(-0.1)$$
$$= 0.8$$

$$9) f(x) = e^x \quad a=0 \quad e^{0.2} \approx ?$$

$$L(x) = f(a) + f'(a)(x-a)$$

$$f(0) = e^0 = 1$$

$$f'(x) = e^x$$

$$f'(0) = 1$$

$$L(x) = 1 + 1(x-0)$$
$$= 1 + x$$

$$L(0.2) = 1 + 0.2 = 1.2$$

Homework 16

$$4) f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{5}{2}x^2 + 4x + 18$$

$$f'(x) = x^2 - 5x + 4$$

$$0 = x^2 - 5x + 4$$

$$0 = (x-4)(x-1)$$

$$x = 1, 4$$

critical #s

$$8) f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x} \quad [1, 3]$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{x} - \ln x}{x^2} = \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2}$$

$$0 = 1 - \ln x$$

$$\ln x = 1$$

$$x = e$$

$$f(1) = \frac{\ln 1}{1} = 0 \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{abs} \\ \text{min} \end{matrix}$$

$$f(e) = \frac{\ln e}{e} = \frac{1}{e} \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{abs} \\ \text{max} \end{matrix}$$

$$f(3) = \frac{\ln 3}{3}$$