Discussion Class 1

January 9, 2024

Today:

1. Introductions, admin, syllabus *
2. Pre-Calculus Periew.

* For 1. see slides.

2. Pre-Calculus Review.

One of the first things you learn in Mathematics is that division by O is not allowed. We say it is undefined.

When solving equation with real numbers we need to keep this in mind.

Example 1: Solve for the real number oc in the following equation.

$$\chi^3 - \chi^2 = 0$$

Solution: Factor our x2 to get

$$(\chi^2)(\chi^{-1}) = 0.$$

Then $\chi^2 = 0$ or $\chi - 1 = 0$

x2=0, then x=0.

H I-1=0, then I=1.

Here I=0 and I=1 solves the equation

Warning: We don't know at the start i's x is 0 or not.

So we cannot saj

 $\frac{\chi^3 - \chi^2 = 0}{\chi^1} = 0 \Rightarrow \chi = 0 \Rightarrow \chi = 1.$

is ndefred.

Examplez: Solve for x in

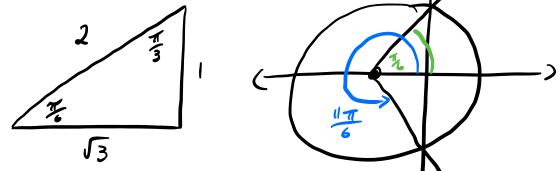
$$2(os(x) - 53 \cdot cos(x) = 0.$$

Solution: We use the same idea as in example, just with cos(x) instead of x.

Slep 1: Factor out (os(x)) to get $(cos(x))(2(os(x) - \sqrt{3})) = 0$.

 $\frac{\delta \log 2}{2} \cdot (os(x) = 0) \quad \text{or} \quad \partial(os(x) - \sqrt{3} = 0)$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot (os(x) = 0) \quad \text{then} \quad x = \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3\pi}{2}$

If $\partial(os(x) - \sqrt{3} = 0)$, then $\partial(os(x)) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$.



$$\int_0^{\infty} \cos(2x) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

=>
$$x = \frac{\pi}{6}$$
 and $x = 2\pi - \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{117}{6}$

Solutions for the equation: $x = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{11\pi}{2}$