

Name: Key
January 29, 2015
MAC 2313.3118
Cyr

Quiz 3

You must show all work to receive full credit!!

Problem 1. (3 pts) State the type of quadric surface of the equation $y = 3x^2$ and describe the trace obtained by intersecting with the plane $z = 27$.

Since there is no z in the equation and the trace in the xy -plane is a parabola, this is a parabolic cylinder.

Intersecting with the plane $z=27$ yields $y=3x^2$, which is a parabola.

Problem 2. (7 pts) Let $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2t^2 + 1, -1, t^3 \rangle$.

(a) Find a parametrization of the tangent line $\mathbf{L}(t)$ at the point $t = 2$.

$$\vec{r}'(t) = \langle 4t, 0, 3t^2 \rangle, \text{ so } \vec{r}'(2) = \langle 9, -1, 8 \rangle, \vec{r}'(2) = \langle 8, 0, 12 \rangle,$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{L}(t) &= \vec{r}(2) + t\vec{r}'(2) = \langle 9, -1, 8 \rangle + t\langle 8, 0, 12 \rangle \\ &= \boxed{\langle 9+8t, -1, 8+12t \rangle}\end{aligned}$$

(b) Compute the length of the curve $\mathbf{r}(t)$ over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

$$\begin{aligned}L &= \int_a^b \|\vec{r}'(t)\| dt = \int_0^1 \sqrt{16t^2 + 9t^4} dt = \int_0^1 \sqrt{t^2(16+9t^2)} dt \\ &= \int_0^1 t\sqrt{16+9t^2} dt \quad \text{Let } u = 16+9t^2, du = 18t dt \\ &= \frac{1}{18} \int_{16}^{25} u^{1/2} du = \frac{1}{27} u^{3/2} \Big|_{16}^{25} = \frac{1}{27} (25^{3/2} - 16^{3/2}) \\ &= \frac{1}{27} (125 - 64) = \boxed{\frac{61}{27}}\end{aligned}$$