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MAC 2313.3122
Cyr

Quiz 3

You must show all work to receive full credit!!

Problem 1. (3 pts) State the type of quadric surface of the equation $(\frac{x}{3})^2 + (\frac{y}{5})^2 - 5z^2 = 1$ and describe the trace obtained by intersecting with the plane $y = 1$.

The equation has the form $(\frac{x}{3})^2 + (\frac{y}{5})^2 = 5z^2 + 1$, so it is a hyperboloid of one sheet.

Intersecting with the plane $y=1$ gives $(\frac{x}{3})^2 + \frac{1}{25} - 5z^2 = 1$

$\Rightarrow (\frac{x}{3})^2 - (\frac{z}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}})^2 = \frac{24}{25}$, which is a hyperbola.

Problem 2. (7 pts) Let $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos(3t), \sin(3t), 3t \rangle$.

(a) Find a parametrization of the tangent line $L(t)$ at the point $t = \frac{\pi}{6}$.

$\vec{r}'(t) = \langle -3\sin(3t), 3\cos(3t), 3 \rangle$, so $\vec{r}(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \langle 0, 1, \frac{\pi}{2} \rangle$,

$\vec{r}'(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \langle -3, 0, 3 \rangle$.

Then $\vec{L}(t) = \vec{r}(\frac{\pi}{6}) + t\vec{r}'(\frac{\pi}{6}) = \langle 0, 1, \frac{\pi}{2} \rangle + t\langle -3, 0, 3 \rangle$

$= \langle -3t, 1, \frac{\pi}{2} + 3t \rangle$

(b) Compute the length of the curve $\mathbf{r}(t)$ over the interval $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.

$$L = \int_a^b \|\vec{r}'(t)\| dt = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{9\sin^2(3t) + 9\cos^2(3t) + 9} dt$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{9(\sin^2(3t) + \cos^2(3t)) + 9} dt = \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{18} dt$$

$$= 3\sqrt{2} \int_0^{2\pi} dt = 3\sqrt{2}(2\pi) = \boxed{6\pi\sqrt{2}}$$