

Name: Key
 November 18, 2014
 MAC 2312.5885
 Cyr

Quiz 8
You must show all work to receive full credit!!

Problem 1. (2 pts) Find the Taylor series for $f(x) = x^4 - 6x^2 + 1$ centered at $c = 2$.

n	$f^{(n)}(x)$	$f^{(n)}(2)$	$c_n = \frac{f^{(n)}(2)}{n!}$
0	$x^4 - 6x^2 + 1$	$16 - 24 + 1 = -7$	-7
1	$4x^3 - 12x$	$32 - 24 = 8$	8
2	$12x^2 - 12$	$48 - 12 = 36$	$36/2 = 18$
3	$24x$	48	$48/6 = 8$
4	24	24	$24/24 = 1$
5	0	0	0
		\vdots	\vdots

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n (x-2)^n$$

$$f(x) = -7 + 8(x-2) + 18(x-2)^2 + 8(x-2)^3 + (x-2)^4$$

Problem 2. (3 pts) Consider $x = 3\cos\theta$, $y = \sin 2\theta$.

(a) Find the points (x, y) on the curve where the tangent is horizontal.

Since $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy/d\theta}{dx/d\theta}$, tangent is horizontal when $\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 0$:

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 2\cos 2\theta = 0 \Rightarrow 2\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\text{At } \theta = \frac{\pi}{4}, x = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, y = 1 \quad \boxed{(\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, 1)} \quad \text{At } \theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}, \quad \boxed{(-\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, -1)}$$

$$\text{At } \theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}, \quad \boxed{(-\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, 1)}$$

$$\text{At } \theta = \frac{7\pi}{4}, \quad \boxed{(\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, -1)}$$

(b) Find the points (x, y) on the curve where the tangent is vertical.

Tangent is vertical when $\frac{dx}{d\theta} = 0$ ($\frac{dy}{dx}$ is undefined):

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -3\sin\theta = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 0, \pi$$

$$\text{At } \theta = 0, \quad \boxed{(3, 0)}$$

$$\text{At } \theta = \pi, \quad \boxed{(-3, 0)}$$