

**Quiz 3 Solutions**MAC 1147.6861, Fall 2016  
Thursday, September 15, 2016

Show all relevant work to support your answer. A correct answer without supporting work will not earn the points. **Problems 3 and 4 are on the back.**

1. (1 point) What is your favorite food? (Hint: There is no wrong answer)

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. (4 points) Given the points (2, 6) and (5, 10), compute the following:  
(a) the slope of the line passing through the points

**Solution:** The slope is  $\frac{10 - 6}{5 - 2} = \frac{4}{3}$ .

- (b) the equation of the line passing through the points

**Solution:** Using the equation  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$  with  $m = \frac{4}{3}$  and  $(x_1, y_1) = (2, 6)$ , we get  $y - 6 = \frac{4}{3}(x - 2)$ . Simplifying the equation, we get  $y = \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$  as the solution. Note that we could have used  $(x_1, y_1) = (5, 10)$ .

3. (2 points) Use algebraic tests to check for symmetry with respect to both axis and the origin:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}$ .

**Solution:** For y-axis symmetry, we notice  $f(-x) = \frac{1}{(-x)^2 + 1} = \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} = f(x)$ . Hence  $f(x)$  is symmetric with respect to the y-axis.

For x-axis symmetry, we notice  $-f(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \neq f(x)$ . Hence  $f(x)$  is not symmetric to the x-axis.

For origin symmetry, we compute  $-f(-x) = -\frac{1}{(-x)^2 + 1} = -\frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \neq f(x)$ . Then  $f(x)$  is not symmetric to the origin.

4. (3 points) Let  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 4 - 5x & \text{if } x \leq -2 \\ 0 & \text{if } -2 < x < 2 \\ x^2 + 1 & \text{if } x \geq 2 \end{cases}$

Compute  $f(-3) + f(4) + f(-1)$ .

**Solution:** Observe that  $f(-3) = 4 - 5(-3) = 19$ ,  $f(4) = 4^2 + 1 = 17$ , and  $f(-1) = 0$ . Hence  $f(-3) + f(4) + f(-1) = 19 + 17 + 0 = 36$ .