

**ADVANCED CALCULUS MAA4102**  
**THIRD HOUR EXAM**  
**FALL 2005**

Name:

No calculators permitted during the exam.

Each problem is worth 20 points.

Explain all answers!

1.

a. Give a careful statement of both parts of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

b. Prove both parts of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus. (Explain each step)

2.

a. Give a careful statement of Taylor's Theorem. (Be sure to include the error term.)

b. If  $f(x) = e^{2x}$  for  $x \in [-3, 3]$  and  $tol = \frac{1}{10^5}$ , then find an integer  $n$  so that the  $n^{th}$  degree Taylor polynomial approximates  $f(x)$  with error less than  $\frac{1}{10^5}$ .

3.

a. Give a careful statement of the intermediate value theorem for integrals.

b. Prove: the intermediate value theorem for integrals.

4.

a. Explain why the following argument is incorrect.  $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} \Big|_{-1}^1 = -1 - 1 = -2$ .

b. Prove: If  $x \geq 1$ , then  $\ln(x) = \log_e(x) \leq x - 1$ .

5.

a. Give a careful definition of what it means for the integral of a function  $f(x) : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}$  to exist.

b. Using a DEFINITION of the integral, prove: If  $a \leq c \leq d \leq b$ ,  $f(x) : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}$ , and  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$  exists, then  $\int_c^d f(x) dx$  exists.