

Questions 1-11 are 6 points each.

1. Find each  $x$ -value on  $[0, 2\pi)$  at which  $f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x + \sin 2x}$  has a vertical asymptote

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2. Solve the inequality:  $\frac{x^2}{x+6} \geq 3$

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3. Let  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x}$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{x+1}$ . Find  $f \circ g$  and its domain.

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4. The Intermediate Value Theorem guarantees a solution to  $y = x^3 - 15x + 1$  in which intervals?

a.  $[-2, 1]$       b.  $[-1, 0]$       c.  $[0, 1]$       d.  $[1, 2]$       e.  $[2, 3]$

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5. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos(4x)}{x^2}$

6. If  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x}{|x|}$  which of the following statements are true?

P.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = -2$

Q.  $f$  has a removable discontinuity at  $x = 0$

R.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$

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7. For what value of  $a$  is  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a} & x \leq 2 \\ \frac{1}{x-2} - \frac{1}{3} & x > 2 \end{cases}$  continuous at  $x = 2$ ?

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8. Find  $f''(1)$  for  $f(x) = x^4 e^x$

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9. Find the equation of the tangent line to  $x^4 + y^4 = 16$  at  $(1, \sqrt{3})$

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10. Find the derivative of  $y = x^{\cos x}$  using logarithmic differentiation.

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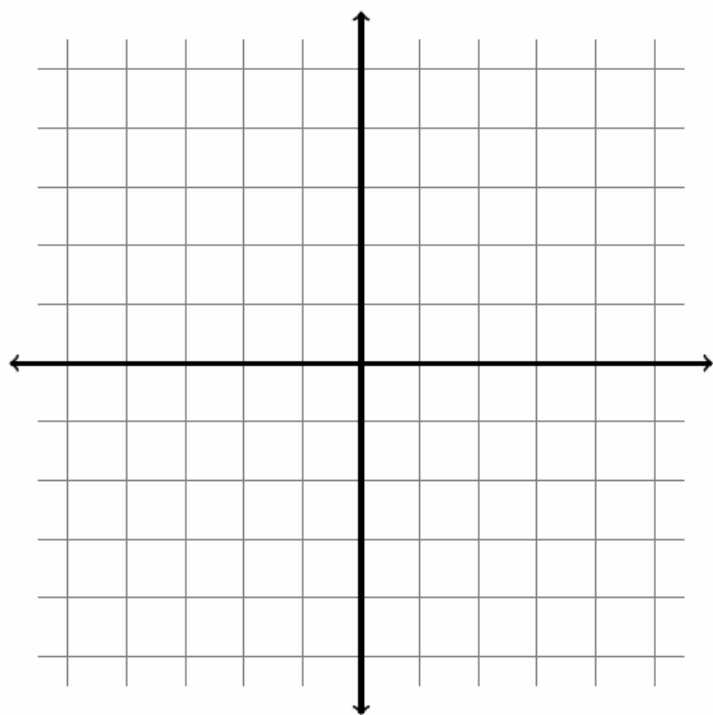
11. Find the derivative of  $y = x^3 \sin^{-1} x$

Show all work for full credit.

1. Part a is 6 points, part b is 6 points, and part c is 3 points.

$$\text{Let } f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x & x < 0 \\ 1 - |x - 1| & 0 < x < 3. \\ \ln(x - 3) & x > 3 \end{cases}$$

(a) Sketch the graph of  $f(x)$ .



(b) Find the limits:

1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(c) List all discontinuities of  $f(x)$  and state whether they are jump, infinite, or removable.

2. The position of a ball thrown in the air in feet after  $t$  seconds is given by the function

$$s(t) = 40t - 16t^2, t \geq 0$$

(a) Find a formula for the average velocity of the ball on the interval from  $t = 2$  to  $t = 2 + h$  for  $h \neq 0$  (4 points)

Average velocity = .....

(b) Use a limit to find the velocity of the ball at the instant  $t = 2$  and include units in your answer (3 points)

Instantaneous velocity = .....

3. Evaluate the limit (8 points)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{9x^2 - 5}}{2 - x}$$

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Name .....

4. The position in meters of a particle moving along the  $s$ -axis after  $t$  seconds is

$$s(t) = \frac{1}{3}t^3 - \frac{5}{2}t^2 + 6t \text{ for } t \geq 0.$$

(a) Draw sign diagrams for the velocity and acceleration of the particle (4 points)

(b) When is the particle moving in a positive direction? (2 points)

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(c) When is the particle moving in a negative direction? (2 points)

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(d) When is the particle speeding up? (2 points)

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(e) When is the particle slowing down? (2 points)

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