

Chapter 7 Applications of Residues

Evaluation of improper real integrals

Review Let $f: [0, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous. We say the integral $\int_0^{\infty} f(x) dx$ converges if

In which case we write $\int_0^{\infty} f(x) dx =$

Example Show that $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} dx$ converges and find its value.

Defn Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be continuous. We say the integral $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx$ converges if

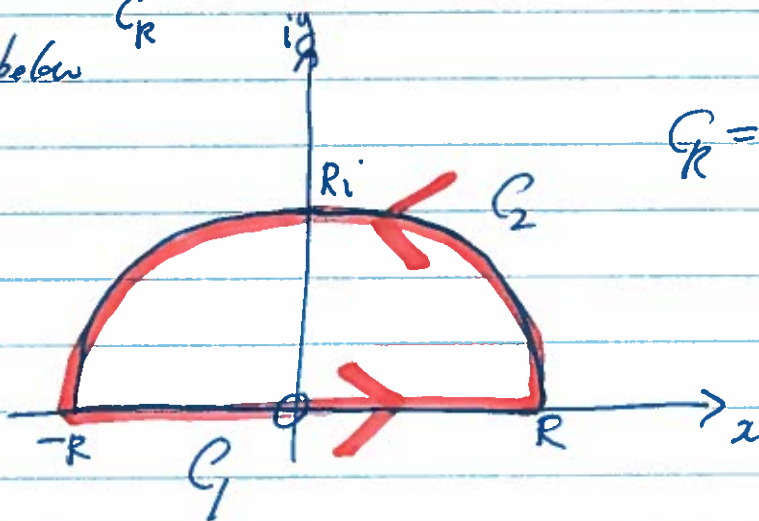
NOTE: If both $\int_0^{\infty} f(x) dx$ & $\int_{-\infty}^0 f(x) dx$ exist then (p.2)

WARNING If $\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-R}^R f(x) dx$ exists then

For example, $\int_{-R}^R x dx =$

THE IDEA Consider

$\int_{C_R} f(z) dz$ where C_R is given below



$$C_1: z =$$

$$dz =$$

$$\int_{C_1} f(z) dz =$$

$$C_2: z =$$

$$dz =$$

$$\int_{C_2} f(z) dz =$$

$$\int_{C_R} f(z) dz =$$

=

We hope $\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty}$

so that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx =$$

Example

Find

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2+1)(x^2+4)}$$

(1.4)

(p. 5)

(p. 6)

Improper Integrals involving sin & cos

Example Find $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^2+1} dx$

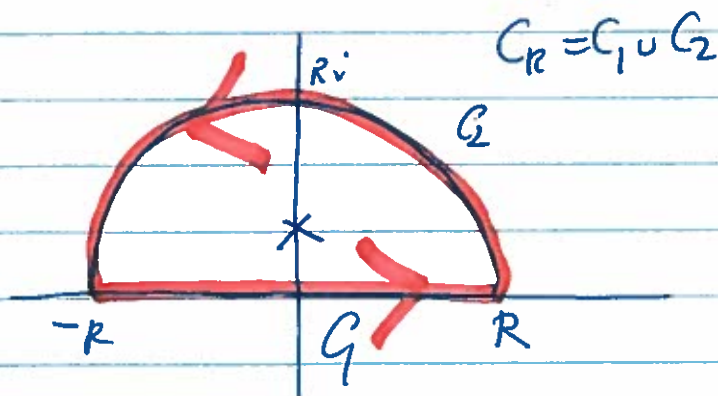
Since $\cos x$ is an even function

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^2+1} dx =$$

=

Let $f(z) =$

Let C_R be the contour below where $R > 0$



$f(z)$ has singularities at $z = \pm i$

Let $z \in C_2$ where $z = x + iy$.

Then

$$|f(z)| =$$

Hence

$$\left| \int_{C_2} f(z) dz \right| \leq$$

and so $\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{C_2} f(z) dz =$

We have $\int_{C_R} f(z) dz =$

$$=$$

$$\int_{C_R} f(z) dz =$$

$$\lim_{R \rightarrow \infty} \int_{C_R} f(z) dz =$$

Hence

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^2+1} dx =$$

and

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\cos x}{x^2+1} dx$$