1. Fin the domain of the following function.

$$
\begin{equation*}
f(x)=\frac{\sqrt{x+3}}{x^{2}-5 x+6} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

2. Suppose $f(x)=x+2 \ln (x)-1$ and $g(x)=\sqrt[3]{x+5}$ are given. First, find the inverse value of $g(x)$. Then, calculate the following value.

$$
\begin{equation*}
g(1)+f^{-1}(0) \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

hint: Please note that in most cases specially this problem for the case $f(x)$ we cannot calculate the inverse function directly. However, we can use the fact that the domain of $f^{-1}(x)$ is equal to the range of $f(x)$ and the range of $f^{-1}(x)$ is equal to the domain of $f(x)$. Use this fact and to find the correct answer!
3. Find the limit.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\lim _{x \rightarrow-2} \frac{\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{x^{2}+x+1}}{x+2} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

hint: Simplify the numerator by making them one fraction.

