

1. Find the domain of the following function.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x^2+3x+2}} \quad (1)$$

2. Find the value of

$$\cos(2 \arcsin(x)) \quad (2)$$

as a function of x .

hint: Recall that $\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2(\theta) - \sin^2(\theta)$. Substitute $\arcsin(\alpha)$ with θ and use the given relation.

3. Find the limit.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 3} - \sqrt{6}}{x^2 - 2x - 3} \quad (3)$$

hint: Rationalize the numerator!