## MAP 2302, Exam II, Spring 2015

Name:

Student signature:

Write final answers on this sheet. Turn in all relevant work on separate sheets. Full work is required for full credit.

- (1) [15] Use the method of undetermined coefficients to find the form of a particular solution  $y_p$  to the following ODEs. Do not solve the equation or solve for the coefficients!
  - (a) [5]  $y'' 2y' + 5y = e^{-t}$
  - (b) [5]  $y'' 2y' + 5y = te^t \sin(2t)$
  - (c) [5]  $y'' 2y' + 5y = e^{-t} + te^t \sin(2t)$
- (2) [10] Is it possible for  $y_1 = e^t$  and  $y_2 = t + 1$  to both be solutions to y'' + p(t)y' + q(t)y = g(t) on  $(-\infty, \infty)$  if p, q, g are all continuous on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ ? Justify your answer. (Hint: Examine how the two functions intersect.)

- (3) [20] Find the general solution to the ODE  $y'' - 4y' + 4y = te^{t}.$
- (4) [25] Given that  $t^2e^t$  and  $(t^2+1)e^t$  are solutions to  $ty'' + (1-2t)y' + (t-1)y = 4te^t, t > 0,$ find the general solution to the ODE on t > 0.
- (5) [30] Solve the following Cauchy-Euler IVP:  $t^2y'' - ty' + y = t, \ y(-1) = 1, \ y'(-1) = 2.$