

- (1) $\mathcal{L}\{1\} = 1/s; \quad s > 0.$
- (2) $\mathcal{L}[e^{at}] = \frac{1}{s-a}; \quad s > a.$
- (3) $\mathcal{L}[t^n] = \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}; \quad s > 0.$
- (4) $\mathcal{L}[\sin(bt)] = \frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}; \quad s > 0.$
- (5) $\mathcal{L}[\cos(bt)] = \frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}; \quad s > 0.$
- (6) $\mathcal{L}[\cosh(bt)] = \frac{s}{s^2 - b^2}; \quad s > b.$
- (7) $\mathcal{L}[\sinh(bt)] = \frac{b}{s^2 - b^2}; \quad s > b.$
- (8) $\mathcal{L}[e^{at}f(t)](s) = \mathcal{L}[f](s-a).$
- (9) $\mathcal{L}[e^{at}\sin(bt)] = \frac{b}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}; \quad s > a.$
- (10) $\mathcal{L}[e^{at}\cos(bt)] = \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}; \quad s > a.$
- (11) $\mathcal{L}[e^{at}t^n] = \frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}; \quad s > a.$
- (12) $\mathcal{L}[u(t-a)] = \frac{e^{-as}}{s}.$
- (13) $\mathcal{L}[u(t-a)f(t-a)](s) = e^{-as}\mathcal{L}[f(t)](s).$
- (14) $\mathcal{L}[u(t-a)f(t)](s) = e^{-as}\mathcal{L}[f(t+a)](s).$
- (15) $\mathcal{L}[f(ct)] = \frac{1}{c}\mathcal{L}[f(\frac{t}{c})].$
- (16) $\mathcal{L}[f \star g](s) = \mathcal{L}[\int_0^t f(t-\tau)g(\tau)d\tau] = \mathcal{L}[f]\mathcal{L}[g].$
- (17) $\mathcal{L}[\delta(t-a)] = e^{-as}.$
- (18) $\mathcal{L}[f^{(n)}] = s^n\mathcal{L}[f] - s^{n-1}f(0) - \dots - sf^{(n-2)}(0) - f^{(n-1)}(0).$
- (19) $\mathcal{L}[y''] = s^2\mathcal{L}[y] - sy(0) - y'(0). \quad \mathcal{L}[y'] = s\mathcal{L}[y] - y(0).$
- (20) $\mathcal{L}[(-t)^n f(t)] = \frac{d^n}{ds^n}(\mathcal{L}[f]).$
- (21) $\mathcal{L}[t \sin(bt)] = \frac{2bs}{(s^2 + b^2)^2}; \quad s > 0.$
- (22) $\mathcal{L}[t \cos(bt)] = \frac{s^2 - b^2}{(s^2 + b^2)^2}; \quad s > 0.$
- (23) If f is periodic of period T , then $\mathcal{L}[f](s) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-sT}} \int_0^T e^{-st} f(t) dt.$